Vulcan Advocate

VOL. I. NO. 2 VULCAN, ALBERTA, AUGUST 13, 1913 PRICE $1.50 PER YEAR

FARMERS

DO NOT FORGET YOUR HAIL INSURANCE

Don't wait to be hailed out and then say you were foolish because you did not insure.

Our Companies are worth up to $7,000,000 and our rates are 6% and 7%.

We will guarantee you a good policy or your money returned to you.

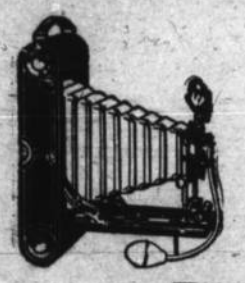
Call at our office or write us and we will come and see you.

We will also accept your note 1st November.

ARTHUR MITCHELL & CO.

The Only Reliable Insurance Agents

Vulcan - - Alta.



KODAKS

A Full Line of

KODAKS AND BROWNIES

ALWAYS IN STOCK

DEVELOPING AND FINISHING

D. C. JONES

DRUGGIST - - - STATIONER

VULCAN, ALTA.

REAL ESTATE, LOANS, INSURANCE

M. F. EARP

Some Snaps in Farm Lands, Crop Payment Plan or Small Cash Payments.

VULCAN - - ALTA.

Vulcan Meat Market

Home Made Lard - - 17c. lb.
Burn's, Swift's and Armour's 17c. lb.
Cured and Smoked Meats of Standard Quality.
"All at Reduced Prices".
Fresh Meats, Sausages, etc., Fresh Daily.

Take Advantage and Investigate.

We also wish to call your attention to the fact that we buy hogs and cattle. If you have any for Sale at any time bring them to us. Highest Prices Paid.

G. L. JOHANSON

Proprietor

VULCAN - - - - ALTA.

LIVE STOCK INSURANCE

AT

Minimum Rates

C. B. Shimp & Co.

VULCAN, ALTA.

FARMERS' ATTENTION!

Harvesting will soon be here. If you need Bin or Granary Material order it now from your own Company. What about your Fence. We have Posts and Wire, also building Material of all kinds

FLOUR AND FEED

Vulcan Co-Operative Co., Ltd.

B. R. Lummatzeh

VULCAN

Livery and Feed Stables

Horses left with us Receive Careful Attention.

Auto in Connection

R. E. Dodds

Proprietor

Vulcan, Alta.

PETER TERRY

BUILDER

Carpentering in all its branches.

Estimates Carefully Prepared.

All Work receives Special Attention.

Vulcan, Alta.

T. B. LEBOW

Blacksmith and Woodworker

Horse Shoeing

Plow Work a Specialty

All Work Guaranteed

Vulcan, Alta.

About Alfalfa Growing

The Advocate was fortunate to have an interesting and instructive interview with Mr. McCampbell of New Jersey, a gentleman who has given the matter of alfalfa growing a great deal of attention on his farm in New Jersey What he says appears below and we would recommend a perusal of same by ever farmer in the district.

He was astonished at the waste of barn yard manure and would not accept the argument that Vulcan soil was already rich enough He insisted that every pound of manure ought to be hauled to the piece of ground to be planted in Alfalfa. He believes in hauling the manure out on the land while fresh that there may be no loss by leaching and burning as is the case where thrown in a pile. He hauls his manure out once every week the year round no matter what the weather may be. In the summer, this plan, he claims has the further advantage that prevents the breeding of flies. A manure pile or manures left in stalls or yards is the ideal place for flies. They lay their eggs in manure, in nine days a new crop of flies appears. Where all manures are hauled out once a week flies will be few about the barn and residence He urges that bedding be used to catch the liquid manure, for one half of the plant food elements in manure come from the liquids.

In the growing of Alfalfa, Mr. McCampbell is an enthusiast He would recommend that every farmer try an experimental plot of a few acres. It would thus give excellent feed for hogs and when cut and cured, the finest feed for milk cows. Alfalfa has the same food element and value as wheat brand, that is, it is rich in proten, and balances a ration of grain or ordinary hay. As a summer feed for hogs it is unexcelled.

As to growing Alfalfa in this section, Mr. McCampbell offered the following suggestions:

Pick out a place well drained, for alfalfa will not do well with "wet feet." The ground should be old stubble, or have the sods thoroughly rotted Cultivate all one summer with harrows to keep down weeds and get the seed bed deep and mellow. Haul out all the manure you have on this alfalfa ground—no matter how much you may have, put on and disk it in for you can't get alfalfa ground too rich by manures and it will pay. The bacteria which works on the roots of alfalfa, love manure and flourish in it, so save your manures both solids and liquids, and put them on alfalfa ground. After keeping the ground free of weeds and with a soft deep mulch one summer, begin again next spring as soon as the ground is dry enough so it won't pack, and harrow two or three times until the ground gets real warm say July 1, or earlier, then plant the seed broadcast, both ways to get an even stand.

Get seed grown in Montana where the winters are colder than Alberta. Be sure that the seed is inoculated with bacteria. This comes in a bottle. The Erpe-Thompson Farmogerm Co, of Bloomfield, N.J. are producers of purebred dependable bacteria and it will cost about $2 per acre in small quantities. The directions will tell how to use. The Dominion Government may be able to supply the bacteria, but to be sure send to the laboratory. This much done right—the seed bed made deep and mellow and free of weeds for a year, good northern grown seed inoculated with pure cultures (and manure used if you have it) will surely insure a fine stand of alfalfa and if you succeed with a small patch you will never be without alfalfa on the farm. Let your alfalfa go into winter with plenty of top, a foot or more. Don't pasture or cut it down to the ground just before the growing season ends but take off the stock and let it grow so as to have a substantial growth by the time it freezes up. The growing of Alfalfa alone is making many farmers in the States rich, and certainly it is worth being given a thorough trial in High River district.

Mr. Arthur Mitchell has been spending a short holiday in the foothills.

Vulcan vs. Nanton

The game between Vulcan and Nanton on August 4th created much interest, as the home team were determined to reverse the defeat which they received at Nanton about two weeks before. The Vulcan team were assisted by the Moore brothers, of Kirkaldy, one pitching and the other stationed on the third lot.

At first the game was fairly even Vulcan making two runs in the first, and one in the second innings, while Nanton tied the score in the third. Vulcan replied by two more in the last half of the third, thereby gaining a lead of two runs The fourth innings was blank for both teams, and in the first half of the fifth Nanton registered three but Vulcan robbed them of the lead by running up four. After that the only scoring was one each, Vulcan making it in the sixth and Nanton in the ninth.

Anderson, Wickie and Moore made good displays in the field, while Markham's work with the bat was excellent, getting three runs and assisting many others home. In the second innings Burns brought roars of delighted shouting by making a three-bag hit. It was in the first half of the next that he injured his hand whilst catching and had to retire, Brown of Stavely taking his place. Phillips did some brilliant work for Nanton in the left field, and Le Clair did some heavy hitting. Rounds caught a very good game and throughout the play the Nanton boys showed good form and worked hard together. A. G Spooner umpired the game, and the final scores were: Vulcan 10, Nanton 7.

Successful With Timothy

Mr. Ben Graham commenced cutting his timothy, of which he has a particularly good stand, on Tuesday last, August 4. Mr. Graham is so well pleased with his success in tame grass growing that it is his intention to seed a much larger crop next spring. In seeding his present crop, Mr. Graham waited until the heavy rain came and sowed immediately after with clover. The result of this careful management is shown in the magnificent crop.

Street Dangers

During the past week our attention has been drawn to the question of the state of the streets, paper and other matter being allowed to be thereon for the wind to raise and blow about whenever it comes along. And there does certainly seem to be something in what is said. The danger of frightened horses is in itself sufficient to warrant a better outlook being kept by the person who is in charge of the town thoroughfares, and for the sake of the town's respectability in the eyes of its neighbors something really ought to be done.

The Champion in Vulcan

On Wednesday of last week Vulcan had as a visitor Mr. Alex. McCrae of Nanton district. Mr. McCrae is a master of the game of chequers and has twice held the championship for Manitoba. He is expecting to compete for the championship of Alberta very shortly. While in town Mr. McCrae played a few games of a friendly nature and all who had the privilege of witnessing them saw some good play. Out of six games, Mr. McCrae won five and one was drawn.

Rebecca Lodge For Vulcan

We have it on good authority that a Rebecca Lodge will shortly be formed in our town. Those who have it in hand are going right ahead with it, and intend that they will show definite results very shortly. We hope to report more fully on their work in our next issue.

Wage Dispute is Settled

On August 2nd, at the R.N.W.M.P., before A. J. Flood, J.P., the case of the wage dispute between James Huggins, plaintiff, and S. W. Colwell, defendant came up for hearing. The contention of the plaintiff was that the defendant owed him the sum of $32.00 for work done. After hearing both sides of the case his worship awarded the plaintiff $18.00, and the costs of $3.00 to be defrayed by the defendant.

Local And Personal Items

Miss Loftus has returned to town after her summer vacation.

The mother and brother of Mrs. P. Beardsley have been spending a short holiday in Vulcan.

Born—In Vulcan on Monday, August 4, to Mr. and Mr. Edward McLeod, a daughter.

Miss Henry left for Calgary last Thursday morning, where she intends to stay for some time.

Mrs. George Terwilliger and daughter arrived in town a few days ago from Seattle, Wash.

Mrs. and Miss Bell, who have been spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Lindsay, left Vulcan on Thursday last for their home in McGregor, Manitoba.

A welcome visitor to Vulcan was Mr. Ben Lukins, late of this town and now of Blackie. Mr. Lukins reports very favorable fall prospects around his neighborhood. He is leaving Blackie shortly, and will operate east of Lethbridge collecting for Massey-Harris Co.

The thirty-two C. P. R. ready made farms that Mr. Stubbs, of the Lethbridge Construction company has had in hand, will be completed in the course of another eight to ten weeks. There are only two of the number to be finished now.

Mr. Melroy, we learn, has severed his connection with the Bank of Hamilton, of this town, where he acted as accountant. He left Vulcan on Wednesday last, and proceeded to Cayley, where he is staying with friends for a few days. He intends to make Calgary his town.

We are pleased to report that Mr. Adams, of the Champion Meat Market has recently shipped 80 head of hogs to Calgary. Those are the sort of incidents which we like to hear of, and it is decidedly interesting to the people of the district to know that live stock is being attended to in a practical manner.

The local Oddfellows had a pleasant surprise on Wednesday evening last when they were favored by a surprise visit of Brother J. A. Tully, of Calgary. During the evening he witnessed some of the work being put on and expressed himself as delighted with the great progress that Vulcan Lodge had made since its institution a little more than a year ago. After business had been disposed of a supper was served and there was music

In our last issue we made mention of the experimental alfalfa grown by McPherson Bros. Encouraged by their success therein, they are going to go more extensively into it, and from what we hear their efforts will be watched with keen interest by all agriculturists. Messrs. McPherson have prepared the land by a thorough summer fallowing, for, unless the weeds are entirely obliterated, the alfalfa is in danger of being choked out during the first year of growth. In their extension Messrs. McPherson have sown about two-thirds red clover as well, in order to keep down the weeds. The red clover is winter killed. One great argument for Alberta as an alfalfa country is that in the above experiments there was no inoculation of the ground.

SHE STOPPED THE PAPER.

The Editor Didn't Know Why, but Followed Instructions.

SHE came down the street three steps at a time and sailed into the newspaper office like a whirlwind. She waited for no ceremony, but wildly asked:

"Is this the printin' office?"

"Yes, madam."

"I want to stop my paper."

"All right, madam."

"Stop it right away too."

"It's stopped," we replied, making a blue line through her husband's name on the subscription list.

"Mebbe that will learn you some hoss sense and how to do the square thing next time and not to slight people just because they are poor. If some rich stuck up folks happen to have a homely baldheaded baby born to 'em you're in an awful hurry to put it in the paper and make it out an angel, but when poor people have a baby you can't say a word about it, even if it is the purtiest child borned. That's what I'm stoppin' the paper fur. This ort to be a lesson to every paper in the United States."

And she went out of the office as mad as a wet hen.—Kaw City (Okla.) Tribune.

What Became of It?

"Want more string?" said Mrs. Hopper as she drew her arms out of the washtub. "Anybody might think I was made of string, the way you go on. Why, I gave you a great, long piece of string only yesterday. Can't think what you do with all the string."

"Well, mother," said Dick, "I know what I did with that piece. First you took half of it back again."

"I don't want no impertinence. If parcels have to be done up whose fault's that?"

"Then Tom took half of what was left to go fishing for sticky backs in the canal, where there ain't none."

"Tom's your elder brother, and it's your place to give way to him."

"Yes, I dare say; but it didn't leave much, and father took half of that to mend his braces what he broke through laughing at the motor accident, and sister had three-fifths of what was left after to tie her hair back."

"Ah, but what did you do with all the rest?"

"All the rest of it! Why, there wasn't but nine inches left to myself, and how was I going to make a telephone of that?"—London Strand.

There's No Use Stalking.

A farmer was approached by a tramp, who asked for something to eat and a night's lodging. It was pretty well toward evening, and the work was all done, so the farmer gave the tramp his supper and sent him to the barn to sleep, agreeing that he was to call him the next morning in time to work out his "keep."

About half past 3 in the morning the farmer routed out the tramp.

"What's all this, boss?" said the hobo, rubbing his eyes.

"Time to get up and work."

"What doing?"

"We're going to reap."

"Reap what?"

"Oats."

"Are they wild oats, boss?"

"No; of course not. Why?"

"Well, if they ain't wild oats why do you have to sneak up on 'em like this in the dark?"—Lippincott's.

Sympathetic Voice (in the distance)—How are you getting on, old man?

Sanguine Beginner—First rate. Just made three perfect putts on the last green.—Punch.

One Home.

Teacher—What little boy can tell me where the home of the swallow is?

Small Boy—Is it the stummick?—Columbia Jester.

PIMPLES SPREAD FROM ARMS TO WHOLE BODY

Also on Face. Began to Ooze Water-like Matter. Torture of Itchiness. Pimples Festered and Enlarged. Cured in Two Weeks, Thanks to Cuticura Soap and Ointment.

Mt. Elgin, Ind. Institute, Muncey, Ontario.—"I suffered from skin trouble for two months before taking Cuticura Remedies. The trouble started from itchiness on the back of the hands. When irritated, this itchiness turned to pimples. These pimples soon began to spread up the arms, from the arms to my whole body. They also came up on the face. Having spread over my body they became irritated by my clothing. They began to ooze water-like matter. Then began an almost killing torture of itchiness. When I scratched I seemed to scalp the pimples and make them extremely sore. They festered and enlarged, then they opened and left sore spots. These spots became scabbed and sore beyond expression.

"I sent for a sample of Cuticura Soap and Ointment which I received quicker than I expected. I was much relieved at the first application. I continued applying the Cuticura Remedies for two straight weeks, then I was completely cured, thanks to Cuticura Soap and Ointment." (Signed) Jean Jamieson, Mar. 6, 1912.

Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment are sold throughout the world. Send to Potter D. & C. Corp., Dept. 55D, Boston, U.S.A., for free sample of each with 32-page book.

THE ONLY SURE CURE.

WHEN you can't get her out of your head, young man,
And you hate what you have to do,
And you shirk every task that you find you can,
And the others you hurry through;
When all you can see is the time to quit
(I know how each symptom goes),
There's only one way to get over it—
The next time you see her—propose.

When you think when you're called to the telephone
That hers is the voice you'll hear
And because it isn't you sigh and groan;
When you find that your brain's not clear
And you can't add figures or write a bit,
When the columns are all awhirl,
There's only one way to get over it,
And that is to marry the girl.
—Edgar A. Guest in Detroit Free Press.

Thoroughly Qualified.

A family of four women bought an automobile. In their search for a chauffeur they were very hard to suit. At last a man applied whose qualifications could not be gainsaid. Before demonstrating his ability to manage the machine he said:

"I used to be a window dresser, you know, in a big dry goods store."

"Indeed!" said the eldest daughter. "And may I ask how that helped you to qualify for this position?"

"How?" he exclaimed. "Why, great Scott! Didn't I learn all about draping figures in artistic style, and can't I pile the robes and furs around you ladies till you will look like regular fashion plates?"

It was fortunate for the women that in addition to that accomplishment the young man was also a competent chauffeur, for he got the job without further questioning.—Washington Herald.

In the Chair.

"No sooner was I seated in the chair," began Jones, "than the barber commented on the weather and directed a current of discourse into my ears."

"'Je ne comprends pas,' said I, with an inward chuckle, thinking his volubility would be checked.

"In very good French he started in afresh. I looked at him as if bewildered, and then interrupted him by asking:

"'Was sagen Sie?'

"He began to repeat in German all that he had been saying, when I shut him off with:

"'Oh, talk to me with your fingers. I'm deaf and dumb!'"—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Logic.

Logic is a method employed by some people to convince themselves that they are right upon any question in which it would be extremely inconvenient for them to be wrong.

Logic is indulged in almost exclusively by professors and young married men. Old married men know better. They usually employ silence instead.

Logic is generally used as a substitute for experience. It has essayed upon several occasions to compete with ridicule, but has generally failed to come to time after the first round.

Logic shrinks before poetry, invention, art and character. It is the last resort of mediocrity.—Life.

Going Too Far.

First Judge—Justice is always represented as blind.

Second Judge—Yes, and some of our lawyers shout as if she were also deaf.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Prospects.

"That's a wonderfully smart child of yours."

"Well," replied Mr. Bliggins, modestly. "I don't know whether he is so very smart now. But if he ever finds out the answers to all the questions he asks he will be a world beater."—Washington Star.

Comparatively Easy.

"An aviator is building a machine to fly across the Atlantic."

"That has already been done."

"You mean to tell me that men have already flown across the Atlantic?"

"No; merely that men have already built machines to do it."—Houston Post.

An Evil Tongue.

"She has an evil tongue, the baroness. She's always saying you couldn't get on with your servants."

"I've heard before that she had once been a servant, but I didn't remember having her here myself."—Pages Folles.

Real Humiliation.

"It must be rough to lose the roof over your head."

"Yes, but think of having the mortgage foreclosed on your automobile."—Pittsburgh Post.

An Easy Job.

Counsel—What is your business?

Witness (vaguely)—My business? (Pause.) My wife's a washwoman.

He Knew

The professor of the class in English history was telling his students of the impressionable age, about the Elizabethan era, when, suddenly turning to one of the young men who seemed to be in a dream, he said:

And how old was Elizabeth, Mr. Case?

Eighteen last birthday, came the instant reply from Mr. Case, who was thinking of someone else's sister.

A Tombstone to a Trout

A tombstone erected many years ago to the memory of a trout may be seen at Blockley, Worcestershire, England, as proof positive that this is not a fish story. The following text upon the stone tells the interesting story of the fish:

Memory of the old fish. Under the Old Fish do lie. Twenty years he lived and then did die. He was so tame, you understand, he would come and eat out of your hand. Died April 20, 1855. Aged 20 years.

Sorry He Spoke

Scientists state that seafaring people should always keep chocolate handy, remarked the pedantic youth. Chocolate contains many heat units and is valuable in time of emergency.

How nice, responded the girl. Better take a two-pound box when we go rowing this afternoon.

Another Complication

Horse racing has always been complex. You have to allow for weather, wind condition of the horse and condition of the track.

And now you have to look out for interference by suffragettes.

The boy is all right, said the doctor, but you want to talk to him and arouse his ambition. Promise him that you will take him somewhere when he recovers sufficiently to go out. Talk to him about playing hockey with the fellows. There are lots of ways in which you can interest him.

Then the doctor addressed the little chap, who was just recovering from the fever, saying:

Come, Billy, cheer up. Wouldn't you like to go out and slide on the ice with the other kids.

A faint smile stole over the boy's face, but that was all.

Wait a minute, doc—I'll rouse him, interrupted the kid's father. Look here, Bill, how would you like to go out and steal the milk bottles off the neighbors' porches, drink all the milk and then smash the bottles in the street so that the automobile tires will explode.

The child sat up and asked for his trousers.

When the doctor called to see the baby its mother informed him that the medicine left for the infant the day before was all gone.

Impossible, declared the surprised physician. I told you to give him a teaspoonful once an hour.

Yes, but John and mother and I and the nurse have each had to take a teaspoonful, too, in order to get baby to take it.

The traveling salesman had four minutes in which to catch his train.

Can't you go faster than this? he asked the street-car conductor.

Yes, the bell-ringer answered, but I have to stay with my car.

Mark Twain's Egg Order

Mark Twain once lived at the Players' Club New York. The egg cups they use there easily hold two eggs, but not three. One morning a new waiter came to take the breakfast order. Clemens said:

Boy, put three soft eggs in that cup for me.

By and by the waiter returned, bringing the breakfast. Clemens looked at the egg portion and asked:

Boy, what was my order?

Three soft eggs broken in the cup, Mr. Clemens.

And you've filled that order, have you?

Yes, Mr. Clemens.

Boy, you are trifling with the truth. I've been trying all winter to get three eggs into that cup.

THE "BLUES"

A Lady Finds Help from Simple Food

Civilization brings blessings and also responsibilities.

The more highly organized we become the more need there is for regularity and natural simplicity in the food we eat.

The laws of body nutrition should be carefully obeyed, and the finer more highly developed brain and nervous system not hampered by a complicated, unwholesome dietary.

A lady of high nervous tension says:

"For fifteen years I was a sufferer from dyspepsia. I confess that an improperly regulated diet was the chief cause of my suffering. Finally nothing that I ate seemed to agree with my stomach, and life, at times, did not seem worth living.

"I began to take a pessimistic view of everything and see life through dark blue glass, so to speak. My head became affected with a heavy creeping sensation and I feared paralysis.

"Palpitation of the heart caused me to fear that I might die suddenly. Two years ago, hearing Grape-Nuts so highly spoken of by some estimable friends of mine, I determined to try it.

The change in my condition was little less than miraculous. In a short time the palpitation, bad feeling in head and body began to disappear and the improvement has continued until at the present time I find myself in better health than I have ever enjoyed.

"My weight has increased 20 lbs in the last year and life looks bright and sunny to me as it did when I was a child."

Name given by the Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

"There's a Reason," and it is explained in the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

When you want to clear your house of flies, see that you get

WILSON'S FLY PADS

Imitations are always unsatisfactory.

Just What Did She Mean?

Miss Naberly—How long were you in attendance on Mrs. Smith before she died?

Young M.D.—Fourteen months.

Miss Naberley—Dear me! The old lady must have had wonderful vitality.

Mother—Why did ye strike my child for naething?

Teacher—I struck him because he wouldn't tell me where the River Thames was. He only stood and looked at me.

Mother—He wad be dumfounded at yer ignorance, likely.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County } ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in his presence, this 6th day of December, A.D., 1886.

(Seal.) A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

He Did

Tommy came out of a room in which his father was tacking down the carpet. He was crying lustily.

Why, Tommy what's the matter, asked his mother.

Papa hit his finger with the hammer.

Well, you needn't cry at a thing like that, said the mother. Why didn't you laugh?

I did, sobbed Tommy disconsolately.

The case concerned a will, and an Irishman was a witness.

Was the deceased, asked the lawyer, in the habit of talking to himself when alone?

I don't know was the reply.

Come, come, you don't know, and you pretend that you were intimately acquainted with him?

The fact is, said Pat drily, I never happened to be with him when he was alone.

He Lived There all Fight

An anxious father got wind of the rumor that his son was leading rather a convivial life in Town. But the son strenuously denied the charge in letters to his father. Still unsatisfied, the father made an unexpected visit to his son's lodgings, and giving the bell a manly pull, was met by a grim-faced landlady.

Does Mr. James Smith live here? asked the father.

He does, replied the landlady. Bring him right in.

A fool and his money are sometimes a hot proposition.

Such Foolish Questions

Mother—You were a long time in the conservatory with Mr. Willing last night, my child. What was going on?

Daughter—Did you ever sit in the conservatory with papa before you married him?

Mother—I suppose I did.

Daughter—Well, mamma, it's the same old world.

Man may declare that he is the lord of creation, but all the same he fears his wife above everything else should he happen to reach home very late at night. Recently a certain husband arrived home much later than usual from the office. He took off his boots and stole into the bedroom, but vain precaution, his wife began to stir. Quickly the panic-stricken man went to the cradle of his first-born and began to rock it vigorously.

What are you doing there, Robert? queried his wife.

I've been sitting here for nearly two hours trying to get this baby to sleep he growled.

Why, Robert, I've got him here in bed with me, said the spouse.

And he never said another word all that night.

Moulding the Future Race

Human eugenics need not be and is not likely to be a cold-blooded selection of partners by some outside scientific authority. But it may be, and is very likely to be, a slowly growing conviction—first among the more intelligent members of the community and then by imitation and fashion among the less intelligent—that our children, the future race, the torch bearers of civilization for succeeding ages, are not the mere result of chance or Providence, but that in a very real sense it is within our power to mould them, tht the salvation or damnation of many future generations lies in our teaspoonful of boracic acid in a half pint of hot water and letting it stand until the acid crystals are dissolved.

Can This Be?

Speaking of votes for women, said the first girl, I fear that Grace is becoming lukewarm.

How so? inquired the lady of the second part at the proper place.

I understand she retires without pinning the colors to her nightgown.

Not for Him

An unexplained incident with a humorous side occurred at a railway station. A train was drawing out from the station when a man came running along the platform. —Smith! Smith! Smith! he shouted.

In a car at the rear of the train sat a passenger, who, hearing the cry, thrust his head out of the window. Immediately the runner on the platform struck him a smart blow across the cheek.

Every moment the wheels were revolving more swiftly, and before the insulted passenger could call an official the train was clear of the station. He went at once to the conductor's quarters.

What kind of an outrage is this? he demanded. Here am I, an innocent passenger, sitting quietly just as the train pulls out of the station. Suddenly a man runs down the platform shrieking Smith! Smith! I look out of the window, and he reaches up and almosts knocks my head off. Now, I want to—

Pardon me, interrupted the conductor. Is your name Smith?

No it isn't and that is just what makes—

Well, then, sir, what did you look out of the window for? There was not anybody calling you, was there?

Worms in children work havoc. These pests attack the tender lining of the intestines and if left to pursue their ravages undisturbed, will ultimately perforate the wall, because these worms are of the hook variety that cling to and feed upon interior surfaces. Miller's Worm Powders will not only exterminate these worms of whatever variety, but will serve to repair the injury they have done.

Horse Always Lost

The passenger inside the cab suddenly put his head out of the window and exclaimed to the driver: Go on, man; get on. Wake up your nag.

Shure, sor. I 'aven't the heart to bate 'im.

What's the matter with him. Is he sick?

No, sor, 'e's not sick, but it' unlucky he is, sir, unlucky. You see, sor, every morning afore I put 'im in the cab, I tosses 'im whether 'e'll 'ave a feed of oats or I'll have a drink of whisky, an' the poor baste has lost five mornings running.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper

Difficult to Catch

An Englishman who was appointed to an important post in China got married soon after. Amongst the recipients of the usual little cardboard boxes containing a piece of wedding cake was a Chinese merchant with whom the bridegroom had an outstanding account for goods supplied. After the honeymoon one of the first persons the newly-wedded husband met was his Celestial creditor.

And how did you like the cake? said the Englishman, laughingly, after the usual congratulations.

Ah, ha! returned the Chinaman, with a cunning leer, me no such a big fool to eat him, sah. Mo put cakee in fire. Burn him up. He! he.

Oh, that's too bad! said the Englishman, very much hurt. You might have tasted it at least, out of compliment to my wife, and myself. Why didn't you?

Me too clever, sah, said the Celestial, with the same cunnin smile. You owe me monee, sah! sendee poison cake; I eat him; I die; you no payee up. Houp-la. He! he! he! I Know you Engleesh.

I Should Worry

Mrs. Smith was repeatedly reminding her husband that she owned the silver, that she owned the furniture, that the piano was her own private property, and so on until poor Smith began to wonder what she'd claim next.

The other night Mrs. S. woke in alarm. Strange sounds were heard in the lower parts of the house, and quickly rousing her husband, she cried:

John, John! Get up! There are burglars in the house!

Eh? inquired Mr. Smith, rubbing his eyes.

Burglars downstairs, repeated Mrs. S.

Burglars? said Smith, as he turned over. Well, I should worry. I don't own anything.

Officer (to recruit who has missed every shot)—Good heavens, man, where are your shots going?

Recruit (nervously)—I don't know, sir; they left here all right.

Couldn't be Done

Two Irishmen were discussing the various books they had read.

Have you read 'The Eternal City?'

I have.

Have you read Marie Corelli's works?

I have that.

Have you read 'Looking Backward?'

How on airth could I do that?

Going fishing is good exercise for the imagination.

A girl who paints well may be homely, but it is her own fault if she is.

FLEET FOOT

Outing Shoes

For Everybody

THE PERFECT SHOE FOR SUMMER SPORTS

ASK YOUR DEALER.

Championship of United States

Shooting against a field of more than three score of the leading 'short arms' marksmen of the country, Peter J. Dolfen, of Springfield, Mass., registered the winning score of 469 out of a possible 500, the second highest score made in thirteen consecutive years in this event, and became champion revolver shot of the United States. The contest for the championship was designated as Match 'A' in the United States Revolver Association's League and was participated in by members of revolver clubs in several large cities between the two oceans. The shooting was conducted under the management of U.S.R.A. officials on the ranges of the various clubs and the targets forwarded to the Association's headquarters at Washington, D.C., for the final decisions.

Fifty shots were fired at 20 yards on the standard American target by each contestant, Mr. Dolfen shooting Remington-UMC metallic cartridges in making his exceptionally high score. The retiring title-holder is Dr. J. R. Hicks, who made 463 out of 500 and fell into third place.

The new revolver champion is a possibility who has been looming large on the horizon of the sport for some time. Mr. Dolfen is a consistent maker of remarkable targets in his work on the Springfield teams. Last year he was made one of the American contenders for world's championship honors at the Olympic Games at Stockholm, and in competition with the picked shots of many countries won second place in the individual pistol match with 474 out of a possible 600, this score being exceeded only by A. P. Lane, another member of the American team who, shooting Remington-UMC ammunition, won the event with 499 out of 600, establishing a new world's record.

Wise mothers who know the virtues of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator always have it at hand, because it proves its value.

Safe From Disturbance

A spider one day was crawling down the aisle of an old church, looking very disconsolate and with a decided limp, and on his way met another spider, who accosted him as follows: Well, old chap, what's the matter. Lost a couple of fat flies, or is your liver out of order?

Neither, dear friend. The fact is I sleep under the pulpit cushion, and the vicar will persist in banging on the cushion to emphasize his points, and I am suffering from three broken legs.

Oh! I am sorry for you; but if you don't mind sharing my bunk you are quite welcome.

And where may that be?

In the poor box. Nobody ever disturbs me there.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows

A Slight Mistake

The tourist stood and gazed in wonder at the hill—such a hill. It was amazing! lovely! gorgeous! magnificent! enough to make an emotional poet swell with ecstasy. The beautiful flowers studded here and there among the deep-green fields, opening out their gaudy petals to drink the warm rays of the summer sun were splendid.

The tourist almost ran past the girl who was sitting there—to climb this fairy mountain, but he had scarcely taken two steps up its sloping bank when the girl jumped up with a scream. You—you brute! she shrieked. How dare you trample over my hat.

Jones is mighty solid with his wife. How does he do it?

Simple enough. When he goes to see his mother he tells his wife that he like to get back to wife's cooking.

The big red touring car struck a pedestrian, rolling him in the mud, and maltreating him in general. The owner ran back, greatly excited, after stopping his car.

Is he dead? he asked anxiously of the medical man who was attending the victim.

Oh, no! replied the doctor, cheerfully. He's not dead; he's merely run down.

Boaster—I am a self-made man, I am.

Roaster—Well there's one thing you needn't worry about.

Roaster—What's that?

Roaster—Taking out a patent.

Do You Feel Chilly OR Feverish and Ache all Over ?

Feel worn out—blue and tired? Don't let your cold develop into bronchitis, pneumonia or catarrh. The reliable alterative and tonic which has proven its value in the past 40 years is

DR. PIERCE'S

Golden Medical Discovery

Restores activity to the liver and to the circulation—the blood is purified, the digestion and appetite improved and the whole body feels the invigorating force of this extract of native medicinal plants. In consequence, the heart, brain and nerves feel the refreshing influence. For over 40 years this reliable remedy has been sold in liquid form by all medicine dealers. It can now also be obtained in tablet form in $1.00 and 50c boxes. If your druggist doesn't keep it, send 50 one-cent stamps to R.V. Pierce, M.D. Buffalo.

The Common Sense Medical Adviser—a book of 1008 pages—answers all medical questions. Send 50c in one-cent stamps to R. V. Pierce, M. D.

MOST PERFECT MADE

THE INCREASED NUTRITIOUS VALUE OF BREAD MADE IN THE HOME WITH ROYAL YEAST CAKES SHOULD BE SUFFICIENT INCENTIVE TO THE CAREFUL HOUSEWIFE TO GIVE THIS IMPORTANT FOOD ITEM THE ATTENTION TO WHICH IT IS JUSTLY ENTITLED.

HOME BREAD BAKING REDUCES THE HIGH COST OF LIVING BY LESSENING THE AMOUNT OF EXPENSIVE MEATS REQUIRED TO SUPPLY THE NECESSARY NOURISHMENT TO THE BODY.

E. W. GILLETT CO. LTD.
TORONTO, ONT.
WINNIPEG MONTREAL

Knew Him Well

A certain cantankerous old gentleman not long ago advertised for a coachman, who was required, among other qualifications, to possess an intimate acquaintance with the neighborhood; but, to his great surprise, he received not a single application for the vacant post.

I cannot understand it at all, he said, as during a chat one day with an old hostler at the local livery stables he had mentioned the fact.

Let me see, said the latter, as a gleam of intelligence flitted across his face, ye hadvertised, I believe, for one as must be well acquainted with the neighborhood, didn't ye?

I did, replied the old gentleman, shortly. I want some one who knows his way about.

Ah, that explains it, was the answer. Ye see, they who knows the neighborhood well knows ye, too.

HAD A STROKE OF PARALYSIS

And Found a Cure In Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

It is always better to prevent serious diseases of the nerves. There are many warnings, such as sleepessness, irritability, headaches and nervous indigestion.

Prostration, paralysis and locomotor ataxia only come when the nervous system is greatly exhausted. Even though your ailment may not yet be very serious, there is a great satisfaction in knowing that Dr. Chase's Nerve Food will cure paralysis in its earlier stages.

Mrs. R. Bright, 215 Booth Avenue, Toronto, writes: "Two years ago my husband had a stroke which left him in a weak, nervous condition. He started taking Dr. Chase's Nerve Food and Kidney-Liver Pills, and we saw the good results almost immediately. They have made a new man of my husband and we cannot speak too highly of them."

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50 cents a box, 6 for $2.50, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

Her Misapprehension

He (desperately) — Tell me the truth. Is it my poverty that stands between us?

She (sadly)—Yes.

He (with a ray of hope)—I admit that I am poor, and so, unfortunately, is my father; but I have an aged uncle who is very rich and a bachelor. He is an invalid, and cannot long survive.

She (delightedly)—How kind and thoughtful you are! Will you introduce him to me?

I am sending you some manuscript, wrote the budding authoress. I also inclose a letter of introduction from the vicar, one from my teacher, and a paragraph from our local paper, telling of my adoption of a literary career. Is there anything else I might send you to interest you in my writings?

Dear Madam, wrote the perspiring editor in reply, you need send me but one thing—a good short story.

The Real Worry

Chief of Detectives—Now, give us a description of your missing cashier. How tall was he?

Business Man—I don't know how tall he was. What worries me is that he was $12,000 short.

Not Hurt Socially

I wouldn't associate with him. I understand he's served a term in prison.

That's true, but it was for an offense involving a million dollars or more; nothing really disgraceful, you know.

Try Murine Eye Remedy

If you have Red, Weak, Watery Eyes or Granulated Eyelids. Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain. Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c, 50c. Eye Books Free by Mail.

An Eye Tonic Good for All Eyes that Need Care
Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

W. N. U. 933

The Scientific Farming of the Woodlot

"There is no part of the farm which will give bigger returns for so little expenditure of time and labor as the woodlot." This statement in the July number of the Canadian Forestry Journal, i. made by Mr. B. R. Morton, B. Sc. F., the silvical expert who is engaged by the Forestry Branch at Ottawa to demonstrate to the woodland owners of eastern Canada just how these bigger returns may be achieved. But if it is not possible to obtain such expert advice, there are yet three ways in which the farmer, by the exercise of ordinary common sense, can vastly improve the composition, production and reproduction of his woodlot.

The first thing necessary is to improve the character of the crop, which can be done by cutting down and using for fire-wood all diseased and deformed trees, as well as such species whose presence in the woodlot is not desirable. Only too frequently is the method of cutting exactly the reverse. The best trees are cut, often for purposes for which an inferior wood would serve, and the poorer species are left seed-in the cut-over areas and to gradually crowd out the better varieties. Before cutting, the farmer should consider first the use to which the wood is to be put, and second, the species-composition of the woodlot which is most desirable. Firewood probably yields the best returns for a small acreage and for this purpose rapid-growers such as poplar, ash and elm should be encouraged, which should make an annual growth of from one-half to one cord per acre. Basswood too, will be in increasing demand because of its rapid growth, because it coppices readily and because of its value in small sizes for the manufacture of excelsior, cooperage stock and other small articles for which the wood is particularly adapted. Maple reproduces readily, and although not a rapid grower, it nevertheless yields a substantial revenue when it becomes large enough to tap. Soft woods like spruce, balsam and pine grow much more rapidly than hardwoods and might be advantageously grown for fuel or pulpwood.

When the most suitable species have been selected and the weed-trees removed, the woodlot must then be thinned until the crowns of the best-formed remaining trees are seen to barely touch. An acre can only produce a given amount of wood each year and the fewer trees there are to share this yearly increment, and yet fully utilize the crown space, the more rapid will be the growth of these trees.

The third requisite in the scientific farming of the woodlot, is that the cattle be kept out, especially after heavy cutting, when reproduction is most desired. Cattle are just as injurious to a young crop of tree-seedlings as they are to a young crop of grain. They may indeed eat the grass in the woodlot, but they would just as soon, if not sooner, eat the young and tender hardwood shoots, and the same can be said of sheep. Even coniferous seedlings are not immune so that certainty in reproduction is only assured by fencing off the cut-over areas. Dr. Fernow predicts that "There will be a time when the woodlot will sell the farm or will be a necessary part of the farm to make it valuable. In the seasons when his other work slackens the farmer could very easily improve his woodlot in anticipation of this time of increased wood values.

To Men Who Live Inactive Lives.—Exercise in the open air is the best tonic for the stomach and system generally; but there are those who are compelled to follow sedentary occupations and the inactivity tends to restrict the healthy action of the digestive organs and sickness follows. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills regulate the stomach and liver and restore healthy action. It is wise to have a packet of the pills always on hand.

Willie's Threat

Willie was a little fellow of eight, who with his mother, stayed at the house of an aunt without having made provision to sleep. There being no small boys in his aunt's family, Willie was put to bed in one of his little cousin Deborah's nightgowns. He was very indignant at having to wear anything with so many frils and so much lace round the neck and on the sleeves.

I won't stand it, mother, he protested loudly on the second night. I won't wear anything so girly! I'll run away, you see if I don't, before I'll put that thing on again. Why, rather than wear that—that horrid nightgown—I'll sleep raw!

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria

Requisite Knowledge

As a country physician was driving through a village he saw a man amusing a crowd with the antics of his trick dog. The doctor pulled up and said:

My dear man, how do you manage to train your dog like that? I can't teach mine a single trick.

The man looked up with a simple rustic look, and replied:

Well, you see, it's this way: you have to know mor'n the dog or you can't learn him nothin'.

Marvellous

I have been taking some moving pictures of life on your farm, said the photographer to an agriculturist.

Did you catch my laborers in motion? asked the farmer.

I think so.

Ah, well, science is a wonderful thing!

Hospitality

And did you enjoy your African trip, major? How did you like the savages?

Oh, they were extremely kind-hearted! They wanted to keep me there for dinner!

Must Chew the Pill

Is there any way you can suggest by which we can cure her of her infatuation for him

Oh, yes, that's easy. Just—

I mean without letting her marry him?

Not that I know of.

ALFALFA-GROWING IN WESTERN CANADA

By W. H. Fairfield, Superintendent of the Dominion Experimental Farm, Lethbridge, Before the Seventh Annual Convention of the Western Canada Irrigation Association at Lethbridge on Tuesday, August 5th.

Alfalfa growing and irrigation go hand in hand in Western America. Without question the success of most of the irrigation projects in the western states to the south of us depends largely on the fact that alfalfa grows so luxurious when water is applied and if it did not thrive as it does the agricultural possibilities of the projects referred to would be seriously curtailed.

Alfalfa was originally a subtropical plant, having been grown and highly prized as a fodder plant in the vicinity of the Mediterranean for several centuries before the beginning of the Christian era. The Spaniards introduced it to Mexico and South America and from there it was carried north into California, thence east into Utah, and from there its spread clear to the Atlantic was rapid. It is now said to be grown in every province in Canada and in every state in the United States, though in some cases its culture is limited to small areas. Its range of adaptability is wonderful, for from even as far north as Fort Vermilion, the last report states that it is doing well. Although it will grow under such a wide diversity of conditions in regard to climate and soil still it is under irrigation that this wonderful forage plant earns its greatest popularity.

In regard to what is being done with this crop in the Canadian northwest, I may say that it is now being grown in limited areas quite generally in various parts of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba. Professor S. A. Bedford, deputy minister of agriculture of Manitoba, in a recent letter, wrote me:

"The area of this legume is increasing very rapidly each year, and it is now possible to find fields of from 10 to 30 acres in different parts of the province. This government has about 20 different plots of one or two acres planted in different parts of the province, from altitudes of 1000 to 2500 feet above sea level, and so far they have almost without exception proved successful. The only failures are attributed to insufficient drainage in one or two portions of the Red River valley."

In Saskatchewan fields and plots of alfalfa may be found in many localities, from Prince Albert south to the boundary, although previous to 1904 it was almost unknown in that province. The Saskatchewan government is giving the growing of alfalfa a great impetus by offering liberal prizes aggregating $6,000 for the best ten acre fields, to be judged in 1914. The exploitation of this contest, with the necessary attendant publicity, is doing a great deal in the way of influencing farmers to begin the growing of this forage crop.

Alberta is the premier, so far as the prairie provinces are concerned, in the growing of alfalfa. It is so generally grown in the extreme southern portion of the province that the expermental stage has been passed, but further north it is being tested quite generally and it is gratifying to know that in the majority of cases the farmers are meeting with success. Where failures are met with it is usually due to lack of inoculation or to the use of strains of seed not sufficiently hardy. Although the common strains, or so-called varieties all seem to be hardy in the Lethbridge district, this does not appear to be the case in the other parts of the province. At the Dominion Experimental Farm at Lacombe serious winter killing has been experienced, except with the Grimm and Turkestan varieties. Failures in certain parts of the province to get the crop to live through the winter has doubtless been due to the fact that the seed used has come from some of the warmer parts of the United States where hardy strains have not predominated. I believe that most of the failures that have been met with in the Gleichen and Starthmore districts have been due to this fact, for I have visited fields of alfalfa in these districts that are two and three years old that were in as vigorous and thrifty condition as one would desire. I firmly believe that it is only a matter of time till this king of forage crops will be grown quite generally in practically all of the present settled parts of these prairie provinces.

Where it will be always grown with the greatest profit, will, I believe, be in the irrigated districts of Alberta and Saskatchewan. Here it is destined to become the leading factor in our crop rotations. It will not only produce more pounds of the most desirable food for all kinds of growing stock and milch cows, but it adds nitrogen and humus to the soil enriching it in these essentials to a wonderful degree. A ton of well cured alfalfa hay has about the same feeding value as a ton of bran. The high regard that dairymen have for this hay is so well known that it scarcely needs mentioning. For feeding and fattening cattle and sheep it has few peers. In a lamb feeding test at the Lethbridge Experimental Farm a year ago we found that we obtained about twenty dollars a ton for the alfalfa hay feed. In a similar experiment carried on with lambs this past winter we obtained nearly as much. As a pasture for pigs it is hard to equal. Brood sows relish the hay in the winter time. As a poultry feed it commands a high price when chopped and ground into meal. But why take up your time in cataloging the many virtues of this wonderful forage plant which are doubtless well known to all.

The Lethbridge districts has the distinction of being the first locality in the prairie provinces to grow alfalfa commercially. The first fields to be grown successfully were sown twelve years ago. From the small beginning of a few acres the area devoted to this crop has increased by several hundred acres every year. This acreage is practically all on irrigated land. It will grow on dry land but the tonnage is increased so materially by irrigation that we look on it as essentially an irrigated crop. It is peculiarly well adapted for growing under irrigation, for if the water is not applied just when it should be the crop is not damaged, the only loss is the loss of growth up to the time of irrigation. This is the case with few other crops, for with most grasses or with grain crops, etc., if they suffer from drouth at the critical period in their early development the crop for that season is seriously affected. During the hottest months of the year, July and August, which are usually the driest, to get the greatest growth by being able to supply the necessary moisture during the period of rapid growth.

As previously intimated alfalfa is going to play a very important part in the rotation of crops raised on irrigated land in Alberta and Saskatchewan. In most countries, a leguminous crop such as clover, is grown at certain intervals, to enrich the land and so make it more profitable to raise other crops. In the case of alfalfa, however, it being such a valuable as well as profitable crop, the arrangements of the different crops will be changed and it will itself be the main crop grown. The great advantage gained will be that the land will be continuously enriched by nitrates and humus. Nature has been generous and has supplied the prairie soils, and the subsoils, too, with a bountiful supply of all the mineral constituents that plants require. Consequently it will be possible to keep on raising alfalfa probably indefinitely as far as the soil is concerned. I believe that within a short time 60 to 70 per cent of the land under irrigation in this district will be growing alfalfa. Other crops will still be grown, but by rotating them with alfalfa the yields will be increased 50 to 100 per cent. In support of this statement I might say that on the Lethbridge Experimental Farm last year we had potatoes planted on alfalfa sod that yielded 757 bushels per acre, and spring wheat that followed the potato crop yielded 50 bushels to the acre. It will be possible to double our yields of sugar beets. In fact alfalfa is going to be the basis, directly and indirectly, on which the development and wealth of the irrigated sections of Southern Alberta are going to be built, and, of course, the same is true of southwestern Saskatchewan.

The weed problem, which is such a serious menace just now in this district, and which is causing the farmers so much inconvenience, becomes insignificent when alfalfa appears, for the growing of this crop on irrigated land is a panacea for all such troubles, as none of the ordinary weeds can live in an alfalfa field that is being cut twice or thrice during the growing season. In regard to the yield of alfalfa that we get here I may say that on the experimental station farm we have during the last five years since the farm was established, averaged between five and six tons per acre of field cured hay each season on land that has been carefully irrigated. We cut either two or three times each year. There is not much difference in the total yield between the two or the three cuttings. If however, the hay is cut three times instead of twice a little better quality for cows and sheep is obtained. It is less apt to be woody and is more palatable. The usual practice is to irrigate for each cutting, that is, just after the hay is taken off. Fall irrigation, just before the water is turned out of the ditch, has been found to be particularly advantageous, for with it it is generally possible to make the first crop without applying any water.

We sometimes have difficulty in getting the first cutting cured, as it is made in the latter part of June, which is often a rainy season with us. It is just possible that with the development of the district we may in time use silos in which to store our first cutting when we have to make it during inclement weather.

This naturally leads up to the question of stock. With the great increase in acreage of alfalfa that we confidently expect, it will be necessary to have stock to consume it. Doubtless more or less breeding stock will be kept on the irrigated farms, and each winter these will be supplemented by range stock. We hope that the foothills and mountains immediately to the west of us will be able to graze a large number during the summer time and thus increase the supply.

As successful farming under irrigation means intensive farming, and as intensive farming means increased yields, it naturally follows that we shall be able to maintain more stock per acre than will be the case in other parts of the province where they have not the advantage of irrigation. I firmly believed that the irrigated districts in this part of the country will eventually be the heaviest feeding grounds in Western Canada.

The teacher had been telling the class about the rhinoceros family.

Now, name some things, said she, that are very dangerous to get near to and that have horns.

Motor-cars! replied little Jennie Jones, promptly.

Writer's Cramp

Pa, what is writer's cramp?

It's being cramped for money, my son. All writers suffer from it.

Critic (as the composer played his last piece)—Very fine indeed. But what is that passage which makes the cold chills run down the back.

Composer—That is where the wanderer has the hotel bill brought to him.

Constipation

is an enemy within the camp. It will undermine the strongest constitution and ruin the most vigorous health. It leads to indigestion, biliousness, impure blood, bad complexion, sick headaches, and is one of the most frequent causes of appendicitis. To neglect it is slow suicide. Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills positively cure Constipation. They are entirely vegetable in composition and do not sicken, weaken or gripe. Preserve your health by taking

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills

Bottom Ejection; Solid Breech, Hammerless; Safe

WHAT'S the *use* of a repeating gun that throws the shells, smoke and gases in the way of your aim?

That's the question that started us working on the Remington *Bottom Ejection* Pump Gun—the only gun of of its kind on the market, and used by thousands of gunners all over the country.

Solid Breech, Hammerless, Perfectly Balanced. Three Inbuilt Safety Devices—accidental discharge impossible. Simple Take-down—a quarter turn of the barrel, *without tools*.

We will be glad to send you a booklet that explains simply many technical points of gun construction which are well worth your closest study. Your name and address on a postcard brings it by return mail.

Remington Arms-Union Metallic Cartridge Co., Windsor, Ontario

TETLEY'S TEA

"The Same Quantity makes More Tea Of a Vastly Better Flavour"

George's Error

On a wet, cold, February day, George Farmer stood coughing before a chemist's window.

His eye rested on a placard, which said:

No more Coughs.
No more colds.
25c. per bottle.

George entered the shop. The chemist said he could guarantee the anti-cold remedy, and the young man bought a bottle.

Two days later he returned again through mire and sleet.

I have drunk the mixture, he gasped, and it seems to have plugged up my throat, I can hardly breathe!

The chemist started.

You drank it? he cried. Why man, it's an indiarubber solution to put on the soles of your shoes.

GOOD BLOOD THE SECRET OF HEALTH

To be Healthy You Must Keep the Blood Rich, Red and Pure

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are useful in any disease caused by thin or impure blood, and the list of such diseases is astonishingly large. Anaemia literally means a condition in which the blood is thin and watery. In rheumatism the blood becomes thin more rapidly than in any other disease. After an attack of la grippe or acute fevers the blood is always thin and impure, and Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the tonic to use during convalescence. When the blood is poor and thin the stomach suffers. The food ferments, gas and certain acids form and the trouble is pronounced indigestion or dyspepsia. The nerves receive from the blood all of their nourishment to keep up their energy and repair waste or damage. Some forms of paralysis are caused by thin blood. The progress of locomotor ataxia is stopped in many cases when the blood is made pure, rich and red. This is only a partial list of the troubles having their origin in impure, watery blood, and all can be cured by supplying the blood with its missing constituents.

This is exactly what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills do. Their chief mission is to make rich, red blood, and this good blood reaches every organ and every nerve in the human body, thus driving out disease and bringing renewed health and strength to thousands of weak, despondent people.

Ask your neighbors. There is not an inhabited corner in Canada where Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have not restored some sufferer, and all over this country there are grateful people who do not hesitate to say they owe health—in some cases life itself—to this great medicine. If you are ailing begin to cure yourself to-day by using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Sold by all dealers in medicine or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Co., Brockville, Ont.

Epsom Salts

A distinguished foreigner visiting Epsom Downs in Thackeray's company noticed many men dressed as sailors who were not, to native and experienced eyes, the real article.

Ah, said the visitor, these are, I suppose, what you call your British tars?

Oh, no, replied Thackeray. Only Epsom salts.

A Long Time Ago

John, that is a very shabby office coat you're wearing, remarked his employer.

Yes, sir, said the old clerk meaningly. I got this coat with the last rise you gave me.

Teacher—Now, boys, here's a little example in mental arithmetic. How old would a person be who was born in 1875?

Pupil—Please, teacher, was it a man or woman?

The old lady was about to make a railway journey for the first time, and when she arrived at the station she did not know what to do.

Young man, she said to a porter, who looked about as old as Methuselah, can you tell me where I can get my ticket?

Why, mum, he replied, you get it at the booking-office, through the pigeon-hole.

Being very stout, she looked at the hole in amazement, and then she burst out in a rage.

Go away with you! How can I get through there? I ain't no blessed pigeon.

According to Pasaport

An amusing story—which shows the value of the passport system—comes from Russia. Prince Metcherskyy, who is a journalist by profession, was commissioned by the Czar to investigate certain agrarian troubles. The Prince went to Roumania, and there obtained one of the permits necessary for taking livestock across the frontier.

Then he went to a Russian frontier post and presented the document to the official as his warrant to pass. The official could read but little in Russian and knew no Roumanian, but the big document, with the coat of arms and seal, greatly impressed him, and he cheerily put the Russian official stamp on it.

His investigations ended, the Prince went back to Moscow, and at the first opportunity presented the passport to the governor, saying:—

With this document I entered Russia, and traveled about for five months yet you must admit that the description of me is scarcely correct or flattering.

The amazed governor read that the Prince was one black sow, full grown, with one ear partly torn away.

When Holloway's Corn Cure is applied to a corn or wart it kills the roots and the callosity comes out without injury to the flesh.

Mlle. Gaby Deslys, the French dancer, is an exceedingly slender young person, and for purposes of better demonstrating her art she wears, when on the stage, exceedingly slender clothes. A person from the interior who had seen the lady, came forth to tell about her.

What does she look like? asked a friend.

Well, said the visitor, if she'd shut one eye she'd look like a needle.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

Children, said the minister, addressing the Sunday school, I want to talk to you a few moments about one of the most important organs in the world. What is it that throbs away, away, never stopping, never ceasing, whether you wake or sleep, night and day, week in and week out, without any violition on your part, hidden away as it were, in the depths, unseen by you, throbbing, throbbing, rhythmically all your life long?

And during the pause of oratorical effect came a small voice: The Gas meter.

One day an Irishman met an Englishman and accosted him thus:

Do you know in what month of the year my wife talks the least?

Well, I suppose when she catches cold and loses her voice, said the Englishman.

Not at all. It is in February, said Paddy.

Why is that? asked the Englishman.

Because February has the fewest days.

No Occasion

Photographer—Go away, boy! I want to take a photograph of this lady!

Boy—But why?

Risky

Builder's Man—Hi, guv'nor, that new row of 'ouses in Maple Grove are all fallen down like a pack of cards.

Builder—Idiot! Didn't I tell you not to take the scaffolding down till you'd put up the wall-papers?

Waiting at the Church

A young man lived at some distance from his bride-elect. In the eventful day he set off for the station in good time, but, being delayed by friends, he missed his train. Then he bethought himself of a telegram.

Don't marry till I come—William! was the message he wired.

YOUR WIFE WILL

appreciate it when you bring home a can of SNAP. For cleaning her hands, after filling the lamps, milking the cows, peeling the potatoes and onions, there is nothing to equal

SNAP

It leaves the skin smooth and soft. Order from your dealer to-day.

Snap Company, Limited, Montreal.

Dry Goods
Ready-made Clothing

Groceries
Boots and Shoes

Elves Bros.

Made-to Measure Clothing

Fall Goods are already arriving, and we are forced to make room for these.

During the next Ten Days we are going to make it worth your while to buy Summer Materials

Special Notice is called to our BARGAIN COUNTERS where Extra Good Values are offered in LADIES' FANCY WAISTS and SHIRT WAISTS, regular $1.25 to $2.25, for **75c.**

GINGHAMS 15c to 20c., while they last 12½c.
GRAFTON'S CELEBRATED PRINTS, 15c and 18c, at 12½c.
SUMMER UNDERWEAR at HALF PRICE.

Watch Our Windows for Good Buying

Vulcan, Alta.

THE CLIMAX

of perfection in farming means an elimination of the methods which make drudgery, which consume time, and which retard progress.

THE
McCORMICK

eliminates all of these in that part of farming which pertains to harvesting grain and grass. Besides this, it does more—it brings to its owner contentment and satisfaction in his work, all of which creates vim and vigor, energy and enthusiasm; in other words, a new life on the farm. : : : : : :

The McCormick is a machine for practical purposes—it is the machine you want. Call and examine the McCormick line of harvesting machines.

E. J. CHARTERS, VULCAN Alta.

4 X

MEAT MARKET

Is Now Open For Business

A Sanitary Market Run in a Sanitary Way. A personal inspection will be appreciated.

Fresh and Salted Meats Ham and Bacon
Fish Vegetables

XXXX Brand Lard
ONCE TRIED ALWAYS USED

E. M. CLARK, PROPRIETOR
VULCAN, ALTA.

Choir For Church

The Presbpterirn church are reorganizing their choir. For some little time the musical part of the services have been at a very low ebb, but the matter has now been seriously taken in hand and a good choir is confidently looked forward to. Those in the district who feel like helping are invited to come forward and assist in making the effort a huge success.

Mr. J. H. Nicholson arrived in Vulcan from the old country recently.

The VULCAN ADVOCATE

CHARLES CLARK, - - Proprietor
R. W. GLOVER, - Managing Editor

Published Every Wednesday in the Heart of a Wonderfully Rich Farming and Ranching District.

SUBSCRIPTION:—$1.50 per year; Foreign countries $2.00. Exchange must be added to cheques.

THE FIRST NUMBER

Our first number has come out, and all things considered, we have every reason to be pleased with it, although it was far from perfect in many respects. Such imperfections, however, were bound to occur at the commencement of such an undertaking when there are so many matters to arrange and attend to in so short a time. It could almost be consdered a rush edition, and no matter how we might strive to have everything correct, there would be sure to be some little thing or other not quite as it should be.

Such matters, however, we leave to the clemency of our readers, who, we feel sure, are pleased to have a paper of their own which gives such promise of being a good paper. As time goes on, and circumstances allow us to become more settled, and as we get more in touch with the many elements of the district, the paper will leave behind it any faults which arise at the outset, and we shall soon have a paper in our midst whose day of publication will be looked forward to with interest.

But while we are trying our best to make the Vulcan Advocate a success as much as in us lies, we must ask our many friends not to overlook their share of the obligation. As we have already pointed out, it is necessary that the paper should have the practical help and co-operation of the people in the district. With this end in view we have made you a splendid offer of subscription.

The subscription to the Vulcan Advocate is $1.50 per year, but we have decided that for one year's subscription we will let you have the paper from now until the end of the year 1914. Such an offer speaks for itself, and we feel confident of a hearty response in the most practical and helpful manner, that of subscriptions.

At this juncture we feel that a word in reference to the tradespeople of the town would not be out of place, and we wish to bring to the attention of our readers that it is through the geneaous support of the merchants of Vulcan that we were able to come into the field. Their spirited response in the matter of advertising is deserving of our best thanks. They have done their best for us, and to show our appreciation of their public spiritedness we shall try to return the goodwill in kind. They have given us a hearty send-off, and what we want to do now is to give their advertising as wide a circulation as is possible.

To this end we solicit your subscriptions.

The Vulcan Advocate will be run along such lines as will make it acceptable to all. The news in it will be interesting, fresh and brightly written. This is a farmer's district and we shall endeavor to make it a point to publish matter appertaining to the farm. All the interesting agricultural news of the district will receive our attention, and we shall keep you all informed as to what is going on in and around Vulcan.

THE SCHOOL GARDEN

In the grounds of our school house we have the promise of an intelligently beautified town—the children's garden.

The idea cannot be commended too highly; and we of this town are to be congratulated upon having those at the school who are educating the young mind in the direction of beauty of environment.

In visiting the little gardens running in a straight row with each private plot separated from its neighbor by stones roughly laid, one realizes that from such small beginningt spring the beautifying of the prairie towns.

The children who are tending their gardens now will be the citizens of Canada some day, and it is then that their early training will tak definite form. Tp to the present the towns on the prairie have been deplorably neglected from the point of view of beauty, and it is the duty of every one of us to encourage the children in the garden idea.

If some of us are content to look back on the beauty which we once knew, and let it go at that without helping to improve our surroundings, we are hardly doing our duty. In a great measure, it is through environment that ideas are modelled and method of thought and life influenced, therefore we are wasting time when we have the power and means to add to the pleasure of life and neglect to do so.

Happily, the children are being taught that truth, for in the practice of it their lives will be the brighter, and not only theirs, but others too, for it is one of the attributes of beauty that it is diffusive.

It is gratifying to see that the children are being guided in that way, for after all, it is the correct way. If we want those who are to follow us in Canada to be men and women of nobility and beauty of character we must train them by an environment tending to those ends.

VULCAN DEBENTURES

The petition signed by the ratepayers of Vulcan for the purpose of raising first debentures to the value of $4,000, has been dispatched to the Minister of Municipal affairs.

These debentures should be pretty good buying, and we would be rather more than pleased to see local capital handling them. The investment is good, and the rate of interest on this class of property always pays. If these are taken up by people in this district—and on present showing there seems no reason why they should not be—there would be a practical demonstration of optimism which would be a better advertisement for Vulcan than any amount of writing could bring about. There have been hints and suggestions of several good offers already, local and otherwise, and that is refreshing in these times of stringency.

The uses to which the money could be put are many, as there is much to be done in the way of improvement generally in the town.

For one thing, winter quarters for the fire apparatus will have to be found. Then there is the question of the grading of the streets, and a supply of town's water.

Up to the present the council has done all that lay in it's power to better the town, and when the debentures are sold we hope to see a continuonce of the policy, a policy of a wise and justifiable character.

Too many towns and cities of this province have exercised an alarming amount of extravagance in the matter of the spending of the public money, putting it into this and that without sufficient thought as to the wiser course. The result of this is apparent today. It is from instances like those that the younger towns, such as ourselves, must take the lesson if we are to be successful.

BETTER ROADS

Harvesting will soon be with us again, and with it the hauling of the grain to the elevators and cars, and when that commences people are once again reminded of the condition of the roads,

Vulcan district will have better roads this year than it had last season, as much time and money has been laid out on their improvement, and work on them is still in progress.

Many bad spots have been rectified, and a general improvement will be noticeable when the heavy traffic between the farms and the town commences.

This will mean a saving of time and money to the farmer in the way of quicker transit, more frequent journeys to town, etc., and no one will appreciate it more than he will. It is something for which the farmer has waited long and patiently, and he deserves all that he gets in the way of better roads.

It is interesting to note that of the two million dollars voted during the last session for public works, a large portion of that money is for highway improvement.

Vulcan has been fortunate in getting some small share of the amount expended in this district. There is much more to be done even in this way, but we appreciate the start being made, and will be glad to see that the work is carried on until the bad-road complaint, so great and real a grievance with the men who have to use them, becomes a thing of the past.

When my time comes, let me go
As on silent wings,
Or better still,
As the blue-grey mists
In the valley,
When the lark sings,
Peacefully, tranquilly, without a cry
My soul released like a sigh.—G.

FREE
Your Choice of any $50.00 Musical Instrument

Watch This Space For Particulars

C. B. SHIMP & CO.
Vulcan, Alta.

G. M. CARSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
Vulcan, Alta.

P. W. L. CLARK
Barrister
Solicitor, and Notary Public
Bk. of Hamilton Blge., Vulcan

R. W. GLOVER
Teacher of Piano
Vulcan

MONEY TO LOAN
Farmers and others wishing to get a loan on their land, will do well to consult me, as I have the best proposition in the business. Money also lent on town property. All kinds of Insurance written. Hail Insurance written up to 15th September.
Alex M. Trail

A. A. BALLACHEY
Barrister,
Solicitor, Notary Public,
Solicitor for—The Union Bank; The Canadian Bank of Commerce; The Dominion Bank; and The Town of High River.
Representing—The Manufacturers Life Ins. Co.; The Royal Loan and Savings Co.; The Great West Permanent Loan Co.
Private Funds to Loan
High River, Alberta, Canada.
Phone 46

ROOMS TO RENT
TERMS MODERATE
MRS. PLUMB, Neptune St., Vulcan

Imperial Hotel
Vulcan

Best Equipped Hotel on the Line.

Excellent Table.

Every Attention Given.

A. MUTZ, Proprietor

Boarding House For Sale
Having a Good, Steady Trade in Vulcan. Moderate Terms. Can be arranged.
Apply MRS. RUTTEN, Vulcan

S. E. TAYLOR
AUCTIONEER
Sales of all Kinds conducted on reasonable terms.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.
P.O. Box 42. Vulcan, Alta.

Lin Chow Cafe
Meals at all hours
Confectionery and Candies
Cigars, Tobacco, Soft Drinks
ICE CREAM
VULCAN ALTA.

Dentistry

DR. McKEAGE

Will be in Vulcan at Hotel, August 20-21.

Prepared to Do All Kinds of Dental Work.

On August 4th the marriage took place at Thigh Hill, of Miss Nannie Galloway, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Galloway, and Mr. E. S. Dole, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Dole. The bride was given away by Mr. Cotton. After the ceremony the party went to the home of the bride, where the wedding dinner was partaken.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—A good work team, also new wagon and a second-hand set of harness. Call at Elves' Store, T. R. Farrand. Aug 13

FOR SALE OR RENT—Business property, with large front windows, situated in centre of Vulcan. Reasonable terms. F. W. Shaw, Vulcan. Aug 14 tf

FOR SALE—I have a lot of choice brood sows with pig for sale at reasonable prices. Also feed wheat and oats. E. M. Hollister, S.E. 10-16-25, P.O Vulcan, Aug 13

WANTED—To rent, from half to one section of land for the winter, with straw, hay and other feed. Must be within four miles of Hearnleigh P.O. Send particulars to 'Rancher' c.o. H. W. Reeves, Vulcan. Aug 13

Crop Prospects

It may seem unwise to crow very loudly about our crops before they are actually garnered, but at the same time it is very gratifying to travel around the country and see all about us the splendid results of the work that was commenced in the spring, and in many instances, last summer.

For our harvest is the result of such work, and success is in proportion to the amount of labor expended in preparing the soil.

Therefore it seems to us that the farmers in the vicinity of Vulcan deserve congratulation for the really splendid crops prove how well they did their work. Many crops in the district are almost ready for cutting and the recent rains will only hasten ripening provided that they are followed by nice warm weather.

It is a very noticeable feature of this year's crop that the straw has ripened along with the heads, which will make threshing a much easier matter, and it is to be hoped that those who have threshing outfits will profit in proportion. Provided that the weather is favorable, cutting should be pretty general in from ten to fourteen days time.

Vulcan vs. Brunetta

This match, played on Saturday, was played under the disadvantages on a rather greasy ground, but as the visiting team had been in town overnight, it was only fair that Vulcan should give them a game. The home tside didn't have their usual team, as Reed appeared behind the batter, and Max Orchard in Anderson's place, while M. F. Earp in the fields and L. Shaw on third were not of the regular team.

But, despite the want of regulars the Vulcan team played well, and their fielding, with one or two mistakes, was good supports to Wickie, who pitched a good game. The batting of the home team was good and both Reed and Torguson made home runs.

Brunetta somewhat failed to come up to expectations, for they registered nothing in the first two innings. In the third they made five runs, and it looked as though we were to see a close game as they then had a lead on Vulcan of two runs and the home side did not equalize until the fifth innings. But that was practically all they did for they never scored again except in the eighth, when they made one, and Vulcan won easily, the final scores being Vulcan 14, Brunetta 6.

The Women's Institute

The monthly meeting of the Women's Institute was held Thursday afternoon in the I.O.O.F. Hall. The program that had been planned was not carried out as those who were to take part were absent. Two interesting papers were read, one on "Co-operation between home and school" by Mrs. McPherson and one on "Home Nursing" by Mrs. A. Mitchell. A very helpful pamphlet about 'Flies' was read by Mr. Elves. The meetings are held regularly on the last Thursday in each month and all ladies are cordially invited.

Local Storms

During the past week there have been some very heavy falls of rain accompanied by much wind. On the night of August 5th a thunder storm passed over the town, but no local damage has been heard of. Such good fortune, however, wan't for the district further south, for on the same night the district below Macleod had a heavy hail storm which accomplished much damage. Not only was the grain devastated, but hogs and chickens were killed by the hail stones.

School re-opens August 25.

Paint Your Granary

The old one needs it now, the new one will be all the better for it. We have the paint that covers best, wears best, and is the best—

Centennial Red Paint

"Stephen's"—ask for it. A prepared paint made from the best linseed oil, with the BODY to make it wear, that dries with a fine gloss, and has an attractive appearance, that's what you want, we have it. Put up in one gallon cans or five gallon buckets.

Every gallon will cover more square yards than any ordinary paint.

Come in and we will estimate the cost to paint your buildings.

Lindsay Hardware Co.

Vulcan

The Lineham Lumber Co., Ltd.

VULCAN, ALBERTA

LUMBER

Slabs, Firewood, Doors, Windows, Finish. Get Our Prices.

John Dewie, :: :: Representative

Why That Hungry Look?

When you can buy first-class eatables at the following prices:

68 lb. Royal Household Flour, $3.70.
98 lb. Robin Hood Flour, $3.45
1 Case Tomatoes, A. Quaker brand. $4.00
1 Case Sugar Corn, Canada First, $3.00
20lb. Sack Rolled Oats, 75c., 8lb sack 35c.
Old fashioned Oatmeal, 8lb., 35c.
Pure Cane Sugar, B.C., per cwt. $6.00, 20lb sack $1.25
Prunes, 25lb. Box, 50--60 $2.25 10lb. box, $1.00,
Choice Peaches, per 25lb box; $2.50; 10lb box, $1.00.
Lipton's B. Blend, per pound, 45c. Blue Ribbon Coffee, lb. 45c.
Braids Big Four Coffee, 5 pounds, $1.65
All other Grocery Lines in proportion.

We also handle Gasoline, Coal Oil, Nails, Bolts, Staples, Rope, Etc. Will pay 23c per dozen for fresh eggs. All this at the

LOMA GROCERY, Grieve Elliot, Proprietor

N. E. ¼, 36-18-25. W. 4.

B. C. RESTAURANT

Meals Served at all Hours.

Ice Cream, Cigars, Tobaccos, Soft Drinks, Candies, Fruit.

VULCAN, ALTA.

To Mr. Dave Halliday falls the honor of being the first man in the district to run the binder into the field. He commenced to cut a crop of oats on Thursday last, but didn't get very far on as the rain held him up, causing a disappointing delay after the fine weather which we have been having lately.

Country Correspondence

LOMA

As stated in last week's issue, the Loma picnic was held on Friday the first. It was the sixth anniversary of the picnic, or what is known as "Loma Day," and was by far the "best yet." The day was ideal. The crowd began to gather about 1 p.m. and by 4 o'clock fully two hundred and fifty people were on the grounds. A literary program under the management of Mrs. I. Terborgh was the first feature of the day's entertainment. It lasted for about one hour, and was intensely interesting. The principal feature was a dialogue, taken from the book entitled "Sowing Seeds in Danny." The parts portrayed human nature so truly, and humorously, that the audience inside, and outside the building, were held almost spell bound, yet were filled to overflow with merriment.

After the program the crowd were treated to an exhibition of novel stunts, such as foot, sack, potato, egg, necktie and shoe races. The climax in the competitions was the nailing race or contest among the ladies. Some ten ladies participated, and it must be said they demonstrated once more their equality with man, for out of 100 nails driven, only two were bent over. Miss Lena Steiner was the victor.

At this juncture all were pretty well ready for a change in affairs. And the change came right then. The banquet, served by Mrs. J. H. McFarland, and her corps of servers, was one long to be remembered, both by the servers and the served. The good things provided were like the proverbial loaves and fishes, for there were baskets full left.

After supper came the really big thing of the day, that is as a physical contest. The football game, between Buffalo Hill and Loma. The men were all in the pink of condition, and each side confident of victory. The boys had met once this year, at which meet the Buffalo Hill team got one the best of Loma. The Loma boys anxious to redeem themselves, were filled with grim determination. The game was called at 7.30. At first the ball was carried hard and fast toward Buffalo's goal, then back it went, and again it was rushed back, but this time it was met by Loma's "star," Holmes, and put well into the goal area After that demonstration, something seemed to go wrong, for the ball scarcely crossed the centre line toward Buffalo's goal. However, they played a strong defence, and held the score down 2 to 0 for Loma. The game throughout was clean and gentlemanly. The boys are all to be complimented on their ability to control themselves under physical and mental strain. Referee Morrison, of Ensign, gave entire satisfaction.

The deportment of the crowd throughout the day, speaks volumes for the high physical and moral tone of the people in the district surrounding Loma.

Mr. Ralph, and Miss Eva Salter, of Nanton, spent the week end at the home of W. D. Sharpe.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Ernst are enjoying a visit from his sisters, Miss Anna, of Iowa, and Mrs. Clements, of Montana.

On July 29th, an 8 pound girl arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Adrian Hunter.

On the 14th inst., Mesdames J. L. Kehr, W D. Sharpe and G. Elliot, will entertain at a thimble party, at the home of Mrs. J. L Kehr.

REID HILL

Mr. Austin Reid spent the day at Sweet Valley on Sunday, 3rd August.

Mr. Percy Meyers spent Sunday at Kinnondale renewing old acquaintances.

Our new settlers are making very good headway destroying the mustard weed on the new place which they have recently purchased.

Mr. and Mrs. Cooper spent Sunday, August 3, with their friends, Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Bryant.

Mr. Norman Heath will soon finish the ploughing that he is doing for Mr. Wm. Meyers. Mr. Meyers has had one hundred acres summer fallowed this year.

Mr. Wm. Smith has returned home after spending the past month at Enderby, B. C.

Milton Wooters has the frame of his new barn up. This building is going to add materially to the appearance of the Wooters place.

Mrs. Gray from Macleod is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Bryant.

Light hail storms have occurred in this neighborhood, but the damage done was slight. Most of the farmers affected were covered by insurance, and the adjustments by the insurance companies have been very satisfactory. This seems to do away with the fears of some of the farmers that the insurance companies would not treat them fairly.

The funeral of Mrs. Powell, late of Reid Hill, took place at Reid Hill on Sunday, August 10th.

Player Has Appendicitis

Mr. William Markham, the base ball player, will be unable to take part in the games in the near future, as he is confined to his bed with appendicitis. His many friends will be sorry to hear that an operation will probably have to be performed.

A carload of hogs and another of cattle were shipped from here to Calgary this week

Mr. Spooner's novel competition, of which we made slight mention last week, is now commenced and we are able to give particulars of it. The price is a beautiful sewing machine. The wheel of the machine is fastened by a chain and a Yale lock, and the getting of the right key is the secret of getting the machine. Each purchaser of goods to the value of $2.00 gets a a key until a number of them have been distributed. Then the close of the competition will be announced and the holders of keys will be able to try their luck. If the key they have will unlock the lock the machine is theirs. The lock has already been locked by a business man of the town and the right key put in among the others.

THE END

Of Our Summer Sale is Very Near

Clean Cut Reductions in All Summer Goods—Prices Butchered As Never Before

Men's $1.50 Balbriggan Underwear, per Suit	75c
$1.00 Working Shirts	50c
$1.50 Fine Shirts	95c
$1.25 Pant Overalls	80c

Bargains in Men's Suits

$12.00 Suits at	$ 7.50
$16.00 Suits at	11.75
$20.00 Suits at	16.50
$30.00 Suits at	22.00

Cotton Socks, regular 15c pair, 3 pairs for 25c. Men's Soft Collars, regular 25c, 2 for 25c

Slater Shoes :: Gents' Furnishings :: Hartt Shoes

A. G. SPOONER

VULCAN, :: :: ALBERTA

JOB

PRINTING

The Advocate

Is now fully equipped to turn out First-Class Job Printing with neatness and despatch. We have the latest styles of Type, Borders, Rules and Ornaments, which coupled with an efficient force of Practical Printers together with a large and varied assortmen of Paper Stock places us second to none in the Province of Alberta. No job too large; no job too small.

OUR RATES ARE REASONABLE AND A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE

The Vulcan Advocate

R. W. GLOVER, Manager

Midsummer Sale

The first week of our Mid Summer Sale offers many "Round Up" Specials in every Department.

All our 15c prints, light and dark colors, will be put on sale at **11c per yard.**	All our plain and striped Chambray, regular 15c. **Sale Price 11c.**	The whole range of our Scotch Muslins, to clear at **11c. per yard.**	**Ladies' Hose** Plain black cotton. 35c line **Sale Price 25c.**	**Ladies's Hose** Plain Tan Cotton 35c. line **Sale Price 25c.**	**Ladies' Hose** Black, fast colors, in all sizes. **2 pairs for 25c.**
Ladies' Underwear White, Cotton Combination, reg. 50 and 60c line. **Sale Price 35c.**	**Children's Dresses** Gingham, trimmed with Chambray, to fit girls from 4 to 14 years **Sale Price $1.00**	**Children's Dresses** Print, trimmed with embroidery and Chambray to match **Sale Price $1.75**	**Boy's Rompers** Gingham, in light and dark patterns **Sale Price 50c.**	**Ladies' House Dresses** in striped brown holland, a splendid dress for afternoon wear, piped with Navy Print **Sale Price $2.00**	**Ladies' Dresses** Fancy print, trimmed with white Pique and large, white buttons. Special price for this Sale **$2.00**
Ladies' Coats Brown Holland, stylish and good length, special for this sale **$2.75**	**Ladies' Corset Covers** Fine white cotton, both lace and embroidery trimmed, while the sale lasts **50 and 60c.**	**Ladies' Drawers** White Cotton, Sale Price **40c.** also a line trimmed with embroidery, regular 85c. **Sale Price 60c.**	**Men's Shoes** Boxed calf, Goodyear welt, buttoned or laced, very stylish shoe for young men, special price for this Sale **$3.90**	**Women's Shoes** A good strong street shoe, Dongola stock, patent toe, worth seeing, as a special we offer them at **$2.35**	**Boys and Girls Shoes** School will be on in a short time and we have prepared a special shoe sale for boys and girls. All solid leather stock.

You have not been overlooked in our Grocery Section, as here also we have prepared some tit-bit offerings. This sale is strictly Cash and will save you money. Money is your consideration and ours. This sale will run from August 15th to August 30th.

H. W. REEVES

VULCAN - - - - - - - - - - ALBERTA

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress after Eating.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

WANTED at once

Persons to work for us in spare time at home. No experience required with our NEW ART COLORING PROCESS. Easy and fascinating work. Good pay. No canvassing. Write for instructions (free).

COMMERCIAL ART STUDIO.
315 College Street. Toronto, Canada.

REST AND HEALTH TO MOTHER AND CHILD.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHŒA. It is absolutely harmless. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

ARLINGTON

WATERPROOF COLLARS AND CUFFS

Something better than linen and no laundry bills. Wash it with soap and water. All stores or direct. State style and size. For 25c. we will mail you.

THE ARLINGTON CO. OF CANADA,
53 Fraser Avenue, Toronto, Ontario
Limited

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No.1 No.2 No.3
THERAPION Used in French Hospitals with great success. CURES CHRONIC WEAKNESS, LOST VIGOR & VIM, KIDNEY, BLADDER, DISEASES, BLOOD POISON, PILES. EITHER No. DRUGGISTS or MAIL $1. POST 4 CTS FOUGERA Co. 90, BEEKMAN ST. NEW YORK or LYMAN BROS TORONTO. WRITE FOR FREE BOOK TO DR. LE CLERC MED. CO. HAVERSTOCK RD. HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENG. TRY NEW DRAGEE (TASTELESS) FORM OF EASY TO TAKE SAFE AND LASTING CURE.
THERAPION
SEE THAT TRADE MARKED WORD 'THERAPION' IS ON BRIT. GOVT. STAMP AFFIXED TO ALL GENUINE PACKETS.

The Heart of a Piano is the Action. Insist on the
"Otto Higel"
Piano Action

One for Mathematician

A noted mathematician, considered by many a wonder, stopped at a hotel in a small town in the English provinces. There were a number of travelers staying there and there was also a gathering of medical men. One of the doctors thought it would be a joke to tell the mathematician that some of the M.D.'s had decided to kidnap him and take out his brains to learn how it was he was so good in mathematics. He was then asked by them what he was going to do about it. He replied: Why, I shall simply go on without brains just as you doctors are doing.

Good-bye to Asthma. Persons suffering from that extremely trying trouble known as asthma know what it is to long with all their hearts for escape as from a tyrant. Never do they know when an attack may come and they know that to struggle unaided is vain. With Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy at hand, however, they can say good-bye to their enemy and enjoy life again. It helps at once.

What May be Expected

Chug, chug! Br-r-r, B-r-r! Honk, Honk! Zip, zip!

The pedestrian paused at the intersection of two busy thoroughfares. He saw a car making at him from one side, a motor-cycle on the other, a motor lorry in the rear, and a taxicab threatened his waistcoat buttons.

Zing-gling! He looked up, and saw a runaway aeroplane in rapid descent. There was but one chance. He was standing on a manhole-cover. Quickly seizing it he lifted the lid and jumped into the hole, but alas! only to be run over by a tube train.

His Obvious Destiny

That boy of yours whistles the 'Lovesick Sparrow Waltz' very correctly.

Oh, he's a wonder. He remembers every tune he hears.

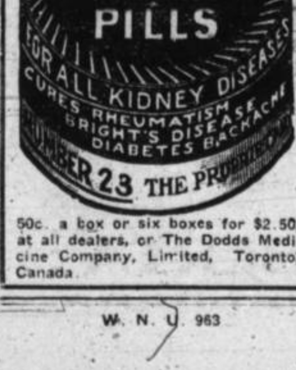
Then he'll make a fortune as a comic opera composer some day.

Careless Cupid

Bessie—Oh, Mabel! I am in an awful dilemma! I have quarrelled with Harry and he wants me to send his ring back.

Mabel—That's too bad.

Bessie—But that isn't the point. I have forgotten which is his ring.



50c. a box or six boxes for $2.50, at all dealers, or The Dodds Medicine Company, Limited, Toronto, Canada.

AN UNUSUAL ACTIVITY

President of Eddy Company Takes Cheerful View of Business Situation

Mr. W. H. Rowley, president of the E. B. Eddy Company, with twenty five or more branches in Canada, with resident agents in every large city from Halifax to Victoria, and with sixteen or eighteen thousand customers and correspondents in this country, takes a very cheerful view of the business situation.

Mr. Rowley told The World yesterday that their business throughout Canada was better during the first half of 1913 than for the same period of 1912, that is, sales were greater, although profits are less. Larger sales show increased consumption; smaller profits indicate greater cost of material, higher wages and cut prices by senseless rivalry.

The chief channel of the distribution of Eddy's wares is through the wholesale grocery and jobbing trades. Until a few weeks ago, buying was done with great caution and only for immediate needs; now, however, there is less feeling of anxiety than earlier in the year and since the middle of June business is flowing more freely and goods are more in demand.

Correspondence from every city in Canada shows that business in all lines is becoming stronger and healthier. The 'hand to mouth' buying of a few weeks ago is succeeded by unusual midsummer activity because the wholesaler's stocks got low, the retailer's shelves were bare, but now there is a better, surer and more easy feeling among buyers: and the necessities of life, such as matches, buckets, tubs, paper bags and paper of all kinds are in good demand for daily use.

Mr. Rowley said: "The majority of the orders received at the works at Hull for a month past are marked 'rush,' 'hurry,' 'a.s.p.' while nearly every order calls for quick delivery, and that while the demand for goods, the lack of supplies and material, high wages and cost of making will keep the price firmer, I expect to see higher lists on many lines and an end put to cut prices, although our lists do not vary very much, taking one year with another.—The Toronto World.

A Bouquet

A poetical old shopkeeper was always doing kind things and saying lovely ones. One spring he was having his shop repainted. He told the painter to leave a certain corner untouched for the time being; he explained that the young people, at that season did all their courting there and he didn't want them to get smudged.

But, objected the painter, these young folks would be fools not to know the smell of fresh paint.

Young fellow, said the old shopkeeper, you have never had a girl, that's plain. If you had, you'd know that when folks are in love, everything—wet paint included—smells like violets and roses.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Gentlemen,—I have used MINARD'S LINIMENT on my vessel and in my family for years, and for the every day ills and accidents of life I consider it has no equal.

I would not start on a voyage without it, if it cost a dollar a bottle.

—CAPT. F. R. DESJARDIN,
Schr. "Storke," St. Andre, Kamouraska.

He lay upon his dying bed,
His time was nearly o'er;
And with a feeble voice he asked,
What is the latest score?
Weep not for me, my boy, he cried,
I bow to Heaven's high will;
But tell me quickly—tell me—is
The home team leading still?
No, said the boy, they muffed a fly.
Then said the old man, let me die.

One day a young colored man of sporty appearance dropped in at a country livery stable and said he needed a job. He looked promising, so he was set to work greasing the axles of a buggy.

In a remarkably short space of time he reported the task finished.

Look here, said his new boss, do you mean to say you've greased all four of them wheels already.

Well, rejoined the new man, I've greased the two front ones.

And why haven't you greased the two hind ones?

Well, said the new man again, so long's the two front ones goes all right the two hind ones jes' nachelly got to foller!

Nothing Extraordinary

An American tourist in England was out sightseeing. They took him aboard the old battleship Victory, Nelson's flagship. An English sailor escorted the American over the vessel, and coming to a raised brass tablet on the deck he said, as he reverently removed his hat:

Here, sir, is the spot where Lord Nelson fell.

Oh, is it? replied the American blandly. Well, that is not surprising. I nearly tripped over the darned thing myself.

Unwarranted Pride

Professor (coming from his club, holding up his umbrella to his wife)—You see, I haven't forgotten my umbrella.

Mrs. Professor—But my dear, you didn't take your umbrella with you; you left it at home.

Lady Visitor—That new girl of yours seems very nice and quiet.

Mistress—Yes, she's very quiet. She doesn't even disturb the dust when she is cleaning the room.

One Exception

Grandfather (to small boy who is returning to school)—Now, my boy, I hope we shall have a better report of you next term. The last wasn't at all satisfactory—last in your exams—last in the term marks—in fact, last in everything.

Indignant Small Boy—No! last in everything, grandfather; I was top in age.

Stories of Places

Three great advantages which the paper manufacturers say they find in Alaska are abundant supplies of timber, cheap hydro-electric power and the tidewater transportation—all of these in one and the same locality. Areas offering these attractions adjoin deep water and it is probable that plants will be so located that ocean freighters can be loaded right at the mills. A cutting period of twenty years will be allowed, with two years additional for construction work. The prices may be adjusted at five year intervals to take care of possible advances in lumber values.

A subterranean river in the island of Palawan, one of the Philippines, has been explored and surveyed by two officers of the United States coast and geodetic survey. The river is navigable for a small boat for about two and a half miles from its mouth, the tunnel through which it passes widening in places into large chambers containing beautiful stalactites.

Paris now has a Chinese settlement which is both law abiding and picturesque. The first families arrived a year ago and now one hotel shelters fifty-three Chinese in five rooms. The men are mostly engaged in making toys, which the woman and children sell throughout the city.

Every Farm Should Have a Poultry Yard

Fred E. Elford, Dominion inspector of poultry farms, mentioned some interesting facts in regard to the profitable side to the farmer of turning his attention to the subject of poultry raising in the prairie provinces when on a recent visit to the city.

In all the government experimental farms, he said, in the near future, a poultry establishment is to be created.

In certain districts in Alberta where for reasons outside the control of the farmers, their crops failed, they were at a total loss.

Chickens can stand the rigors of the winter excellently, and Mr. Elford mentioned that in the coldest parts of Saskatchewan the fronts of the chicken houses in the most successful farms were only provided with ordinary factory cotton instead of woodwork, and the birds did not seem to suffer in any way.

Speaking of the most suitable breeds for the prairie provinces, Mr. Elford said that in his opinion all the American breeds which cross with the Plymouth Rock and Red Wyandotte were most satisfactory.

The turkeys reared artificially were without a single loss this year, and the danger from the prairie wolf can be obviated to a great extent by keeping a collie dog trained to protect them.

The little girl had been so naughty that it was decided that she should not be allowed to attend the party to which she and her sister had been invited. On the day of the festival the mother called in person to pick up her unoffending daughter and bring her home again.

Well, she asked, and did you explain to Mrs. B— how naughty Betty had been and how I kept her at home to punish her.

Oh, no, mammie, came the answer; I didn't think that 'ud do. I just said she'd gone to a much better party.

Patsy and Tom were working near where there was a bee hive and a bed of onions, when the following incident occurred. A bee stung Tom on the wrist, when Patsy exclaimed: I always told you when you'd get a sting of a bee to suck it and then rub it in onion juice.

After a very short time a bee lodged on Patsy's neck, when he shouted out: Oh, Tom, there's one on my neck. Oh, 'tis gone down between my shoulders. Oh, I'm stung.

Suck it, Peter, ordered Tom; suck it, and I'll rub it in the onion juice.

How Long do Animals Live

Singular differences exist in the longevity of the various species of animals. Two such opposites in size as the crocodile and carp live 300 years; the elephant and whale come next with 200 years to their credit. The falcon takes lead in age for birds with 150 years, 100 being the limit of the parrot and eagle. The lion and rhinoceros live 60 years; the goose, common pike and pelican, 50; the hart and vulture, 40; the ass, bull and camel, 30; the horse 25; the peacock, from 24 to 25; the pig, bear, cow, pigeon, cat, dog, deer, wolf, and the fresh water lobster, 20 years. Fifteen years is the average of the duck, nightingale, lark, fox and pheasant; the canary and cricket, 10; the rabbit, 8; and the hare and squirrel 7 years.

The Maiden's Prayer

The Lord helps him who helps himself.
Snatching another kiss, he cried,
A footfall sounded on the stair,
The Lord help you! the maiden sighed.

An Exception

So they married in haste. Then I suppose, following out the proverb they repented at leisure.

No; they repented in haste, also.

No Time Lost

Am I the first man you have loved this season? asked the hotel clerk.

Almost, answered the summer girl. Who got ahead of me? You have only been here an hour.

I had a slight flirtation with the driver of the bus, as we came from the station.

Lucky for Him

The wolves were upon us, he related to the girl he was trying to impress. Their howling penetrated to our very marrow. We fled for our lives. But each second we knew that the ravenous pack was gaining on us. Closer, closer—at last they were so close that we could feel their muzzles against our legs, so that—

Ah, sighed the lady, greatly relieved. How glad you must have been that they had their muzzles on!

Some people worry so cheerfully that it really seems a pity to try to break them of the habit

Won the Wager

At a certain club the other day two members were arguing about will power. The conceited man, who was in the habit of boring all present with his pointless tales, said that his will was stronger than that of his friend.

You are wrong there, said the quiet man, and I will prove it in this way. You go and stand in that corner and I will will you to come out of it. You will against me, and I'll wager I will have you from that corner before I have commanded you a second time.

The smart one took up the challenger and put himself in the corner. The quiet man said, in a commanding voice:

Come out of that corner.

The other grinned and shook his head. The quiet man sat down and looked at him steadily. Five minutes passed, and then the man of will said, with a sneer.

Hadn't you better give it up! I don't feel any influence at all, and I can't stand here all the evening.

There is no hurry, said the quiet man, and I have a very comfortable seat. There is no time-limit, except that you are to come out before I ask you twice, and as I don't intend to ask you again until this day week, I think you'll soon begin to feel the influence.

The smart man came out.

An Oil for All Men.—The sailor, the soldier, the fisherman, the lumberman, the out-door laborer and all who are exposed to injury and the elements will find in Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil a true and faithful friend. To ease pain, relieve colds, dress wounds, subdue lumbago and overcome rheumatism, it has no equal. Therefore, it should have a place in all home medicines and those taken on a journey.

Our Funny Children

Little Ralph, an only child of four, had been permitted to stay up one evening when his parents had company. At the table he made a quaint remark, at which all the guests laughed. He instantly saw that he had made a hit, and with commendable enterprise sought to follow it up.

Dad, he shouted, what was that other smart thing I said yesterday?

Not Guilty

Mistress—Bridget, whatever becomes of the cutlery? I am continually missing some. Really, I suspect the dustmen as they come through the scullery.

Cook—Faith, marm, ye're wrong there entoirely. They're too honest at all. Why, they brought back thray knoives last week that they'd found in the dustbin!

Case for a Good Lawyer

Why are you so sad? an acquaintance asked a young man whose aunt had just died. You never appeared to care much for the poor lady.

I didn't said the youth dolefully; but I was the means of keeping her in a lunatic asylum during the last five years of her life. She has left me all her money, and now I have got to prove that she was of sound mind.

Pshaw! exclaimed Miss Yerner impatiently. I am sure we will miss the first act. We have waited a good many minutes for that mother of mine.

Hours, I should say, Mr. Slowman retorted crossly.

Ours? Oh, George! she cried, and laid her blushing cheek upon his shirt front.

Willie said the teacher, is there any difference between the words sufficient' and 'enough'?

Yes, ma'am, replied Willie. Sufficient is when mama thinks I have eaten enough pie, and enough is when I think I have eaten sufficient.

He Knew One

Some adjectives, said the teacher, are made from nouns, such as dangerous, meaning full of danger; and hazardous, full of hazard. Can any boy give me another example?

Yes, sir; replied the fat pie at the end of the form: pious, full of pie.

WINCHESTER

Pistol and Rifle Cartridges

Winchester cartridges adapted to Winchester rifles are made to get the best possible results out of them. As the same equipment, organization and system are employed in making all Winchester cartridges, it naturally follows that Winchester cartridges produce the best results in all firearms. Winchester cartridges are made for all calibers and makes of rifles, revolvers and pistols. Sold everywhere

Ask For The Red W Brand.

POISONOUS MATCHES ARE PASSING AWAY

Dangerous chemicals are not used in tipping EDDY'S Ses-qui Safe Light matches. See that you get EDDY'S and no other "just as good."

Safety—in its complete sense—is absolutely guaranteed, but you must ask for EDDY'S new

Your Dealer Has Them

"Ses-qui" Matches

A Valuable Secret

Father Dooley had just tied the knot and looked expectant. The bride looked sheepish, and Pat, shifting from one foot to another, looked guilty. At last he began:

I—I—don't like to be mane, father, but I changed me clothes in a hurry and left me money in me other pants. Then he added, in a whisper: Take me down in the cellar; I'm a plumber, and I'll show ye how to fix the gas meter so't won't register more than forty per cent.

At the Supper Table

The young man who had taken the debutante in to dinner was talking art.

Are you fond of etchings? he asked.

As a general rule, yes, she answered, looking up into his eyes with an engaging frankness that threatened havoc to his heart; but, she added hastily, as he started to say something pretty, not any to-night, thank you. It is rather late. A small piece of jelly will be sufficient.

Brown—What did your wife say about your being so late home the other night?

Jones—Nothing at all. She just sat down at the piano and played 'Tell me the Old, Old Story.

When he comes soft soaping around with an ax to grind just suggest to him that he get a motor attachment for his jaw and do the whole job himself.

Mark Twain was in a restaurant one day and found himself next to two young men who were putting on a great many airs and ordering the waiters about in a most impressive fashion. One of them gave an order and told the waiter to inform the cook whom it was for. Yes, said the other, better tell him my name, too, so as to make certain of its being all right.

Mark, who hated swagger, called the waiter and said in a loud voice: Bring me a dozen oysters, and whisper my name to each of them.

There is a deal of difference between being useful and being used.

His Explanation

At the breakfast table the other morning he was relating to his wife an incident that occurred at the Club the previous night. The chairman offered a silk hat to the member who could stand up and truthfully say that during his married life he had never kissed any woman but his own wife.

And, would you believe it, Mary?—not one stood up.

George, his wife said, why didn't you stand up?

Well, he replied, I was going to, but I look awful in a silk hat.

The Optimist

Crash! Down the kitchen stairs fell the entire trayful of crockery from the dining-room. Not even the salt-cellar remained unbroken.

In the dining-room sat husband and wife, staring blankly at each other. What did it all mean? But this was a time for action, and the mistress rushed to the door. Jane, Jane! she cried whatever have you done?

Jane smiled. Oh, mum, she replied, it's only the dinner things, mum. What a good thing I hadn't washed 'em up!

Would Deceive Completely

Show Girl (bursting into manager's office)—Quick! There's a fire behind the scenes, the gang is rushing about like mad and screaming their heads off. Looks like a panic. What will we do?

Manager—Do? Ring up the curtain, of course, and let the audience think it is the opening chorus.

Richard Mansfield, the actor, had not much hair, and this fact was commented on to the actor by a lady whose friendship permitted personal allusions.

Why, Mr. Mansfield, said the lady, you are losing your hair all the time. You'll be bald if this keeps on.

Keeps on, madam? queried the actor, putting his hand on what remained of his hair. My daily prayer is that this will keep on.

Lawyer—Don't you think I acquitted myself well in that trial?

Friend—Very well. It is a pity you didn't do as much for your client.

Look for this label on every bag

IT means *best quality—tested quality—full measure* and *thorough satisfaction.*

It is on every bag of

CANADA Portland CEMENT

UNLESS you have facilities for testing cement, you must depend upon the manufacturer for Cement that is reliable — Every car of Canada Cement is thoroughly *tested*, and unless it passes every test it is not allowed to leave the mill.

You can *depend* upon Canada Cement.

Be sure you get it.

Canada Cement Company Limited, Montreal

There is a Canada Cement dealer in your neighborhood. If you do not know him, ask us for his name.

Write our Information Bureau for a free copy of the 160 page book "What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete."

THE NAVAL PROGRAM

TWO KELLS TO ONE MAY BE FOUND NECESSARY

If Germany Bids Above the Present Navy Law, Policy of British Admiralty May be Changed—Home Government Responsible for Defence of British Empire.

London.—If Germany bids above the present navy law, then our policy will be 'two keels to one,' was the striking statement of Lord Ashby St. Ledgers during the House of Lords debate on the ship building policy of the government. The debate was initiated by Lord Selborne, who indicted the government for deliberately facing a short sixty per cent margin which it was agreed was necessary and which they themselves had laid down.

In 1915 Germany would have 26 dreadnoughts in the North Sea, while we should only have a total of 39 exclusive of those not built by British tax payers. He said nothing about Canadian ships, that was a matter for the people of Canada. He only asked the house to note how sorely that help from Canada was needed.

He claimed that in 1916 we shall have a sixty per cent. superiority plus something between four and eight ships, if the Canadian ships are not forthcoming, then the whole shipbuilding program will have to be reconsidered.

Critics asked what we are going to do about protecting our trade in the Atlantic and in the Pacific, but you must not count the enemy's ships for the purpose of calculating their menace in home waters and count them again as preying on our trade in the Pacific or in other seas. If there is any subtraction from the enemy's ships for that purpose an equal subtraction must be made also from our own. There is indeed, no additional peril for which provision has not been made.

The statements of Right Hon. Winston Churchill proved that the government still consider themselves responsible for the defence of the whole of the British empire. The suspense of the Canadian ships made it necessary for the first lord to consider his policy and expedited the construction of three ships. The first point he made was that when the government proposed to build only five ships this year, they were deliberately falling short of the sixty per cent. margin they themselves laid down.

Lord Ashby St. Ledgers, Mr. Churchill's cousin, then told Lord Selborne that the first lord did not claim that we possessed sixty per cent superiority now, but that our program would develop such a margin soon. Within the next 18 months there would be delivered from the ship building yards the following capital ships: For Great Britain, 12; for Germany, 6; for Italy, 3; for Austria 1; for France 2.

FAITH IN CANADA

Lord Emmott Reassured Doubters While at Vancouver

Vancouver.—The members of the Empire parliamentary party were entertained at a banquet here which was given by the Canadian Club.

In the course of his address Lord Emmott, referring to the financial stringency, stated they might dismiss the idea from their minds that there was any suspicion of Canada in the Motherland. European conditions had been such that the people had to act with caution. In addition, the rise in prices at home had been such that a great deal more cash was required to run their own concerns and these two factors had led to a financial stringency which affected the rest of the world.

Right Hon. Stuart Wortley dealt with the objects of the tour and said it was for the purpose of giving the members of the parliamentary party a clearer conception of the conditions and vastness of the Dominions beyond the seas. Lord Sheffield also spoke briefly.

CHEAP WORKERS' FARES

One Cent a Mile Arranged from Western Towns

Regina, Sask.—Under an arrangement made between the provincial government and the three railway companies a local farm laborer's fare of one cent a mile will be granted from Regina, Saskatoon and Moose Jaw to any other point within the province.

J. E. Proctor, C.P.R. district agent, stated that he had recently received an intimation to this effect from Winnipeg, but that so far no application for tickets under the reduced rate had been made.

A minimum of $1 is stipulated and the rate will be available from Aug. 1 to Aug. 15. Tickets from any of the three points specified can be obtained only on presentation of a certificate signed by Thomas Malloy, superintendent of the provincial labor bureau.

DESTROYING RAILWAYS

Rebels of Mexico Inflicting Losses Still in Interior

Constitutional Field Headquarters Hacienda Hermanas, Coahuila, Mexico, (via Eagle Pass).—General Cannaza, leader of the Constitutionalists, has received from Lieutenant-Colonel Teodoro Elicondo, an official report of the cutting by him of the Mexican National railway line between Bustamende and Villaldamm. He captured a section squad engaged in repairing the line and made them destroy it for a great length.

There was a sharp engagement August 2nd near Monclava when a Federal detachment attempted a sortie from that city. The Federals retired to Monclava. Federal reports last week announced this engagement as a Federal victory.

Cut Atlantic Rates Also

Hamburg. — The Hamburg-American and the Austro-American steamship lines announced a reduction in their steerage passenger rate to Canada in order to meet the cut in the rate made by the C.P.R. last June.

M'BRIDE ON NAVAL QUESTION

Suggests That the Whole Question Be Again Referred to the British Admiralty

Vancouver, B.C.—Sir Richard McBride thinks that the naval question should be altogether taken out of the realm of politics and left with experts to decide. This view, given in a public speech recently, follows significantly a speech of Captain Halsey, of the New Zealand, in Vancouver. The diplomatic commander of the battleship took occasion to suggest that it was hardly a matter for shame in Canada that this country had not yet been able to decide in exactly what way her assistance to the Imperial defence should be made, and added:—

I know you want to do your duty and share in the defence of the Empire. I have read the debates in your House of Commons, and anyone must see that money is not the question but that you are trying to decide the question of the right in arranging these matters for yourselves. Experience is the only way in which to learn.

Sir Richard McBride now suggests that Canada, it being admitted that she is ready to do her full duty for the Empire's protection, might very well again refer the whole subject to the admiralty in order to learn how most effectively to aid the Mother Country. The premier said the policy of his government was absolutely to prohibit the entry of Orientals to Canada's Pacific coast.

Huerta Defiant; Will Not Accept Any Intervention

Mexico City.—Foreign interference in his task of pacification will not be tolerated by Provisional President Huerta. He proposes to stay in the presidency, and he will brook no interference on the part of nationals or foreigners. This determination was expressed in a statement issued by Dr. Aureliano Urrutia, the Mexican minister of the interior, on behalf of the president.

General Huerta will not resign, Dr. Urrutia said, much less will he permit nationals or foreigners to take a hand in a question in which is involved his honor and that of the nation. I will say still more, that General Huerta has contracted an obligation with the nation, and with the entire world, to establish peace in the Mexican republic. This obligation is in the way of being fulfilled. If, when it is realized, our government has been recognized by that of the United States, we shall rejoice. If it is not, we will lament. We will not, however, change our attitude of defence of national honor and dignity.

Traffic on Trans-Continental

Ottawa, Ont.—Indications at present favor the beginning of traffic between Winnipeg and Cochrane on the Transcontinental on December 1 next and between Winnipeg and Quebec by Aug. 1914. Between Cochrane and Winnipeg there is one lift of ballast over the entire line and half of the line is in excellent running order. Except for a few soft spots which may cause temporary delays the road bed is in condition to handle freight to-day if necessary. All preparations should be completed by December next.

Between Cochrane and Quebec fifty miles of track are laid. The track probably will be connected in November next and the steel bridges erected during the coming winter.

On July 1 last there remained 372 miles of track yet to be laid on the mountain section of the G.T.P. The hiatus extends from Goat river to Trout Creek, B.C. Mr. Collingwood Schrieber, chief engineer of the western division, who represents the government, estimates that the road will be in condition for through operation by August, 1914.

PARK TURTLE IS 800 YEARS OLD

Four Men Ride on His Back; Bites Cop's Club In Two

New York.—The Central Park menagerie has received a sea turtle that was referred to as the 'Old Man of the Pacific.' His age was said to be 800 years or a trifle over.

His age was figured out from the sixteen squares marked on the top of his shell. Each square was said to represent fifty years.

The turtle weighs 464 pounds and is 6 feet 8 inches long from tip of nose to tip of tail. He was brought here from the California coast on a tramp steamer and sold to Benjamin Katzenstein of 1603 Second avenue, who thought it a prize for Central Park.

Two policemen and two menagerie keepers got upon the turtle's back when it arrived at the menagerie, and it carried them several yards.

A policeman poked him with his club and the turtle bit the club in two. His mouth is six inches across.

Alberta Mines Act

Edmonton, Alta.—According to the new mines act, which went into effect August 1, the employment of women and girls or boys under sixteen is prohibited in Alberta mines. For safety's sake the age of managers and pit bosses has been raised to twenty-five years, and that of firemen at least 23 years. Under the new order of things the men will be paid twice a month instead of every thirty days as formerly.

WILL RETURN AFTER OCT. 17

Their Royal Highnesses to Remain for the Marriage of Prince Arthur

Ottawa.—Lieut.-Col. H. C. Lowther, secretary to the governor-general, has issued a bulletin to the effect that their royal highnesses, the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, will prolong their stay in England until October 17 in order that they may be able to be present at the wedding of H.R.H. Prince Arthur of Connaught which has been fixed for October 15.

New Cure for Madness

Paris.—The chief physician of the Villejuif insane asylum announces that injections of oxygen made by him cured in a few days two cases of an acute stage of sudden madness. He says he believes the treatment will always be effective in madness resulting from physical or mental exhaustion.

WORK ON H. B. ROAD

EXPECT LINE WILL BE READY BY DECEMBER, 1914

Construction Work is Being Pushed Ahead With all Possible Speed, and the Development of the Terminal Facilities at Nelson is also Proceeding—Mile 60 to be Reached by August 25.

Ottawa.—The expectation now entertained is that the Hudson Bay railway will be completed by December, 1914. The work is being pushed ahead at a great speed and the development of the terminal facilities at Nelson are being driven ahead so rapidly that the resources of the new port will assist materially in finishing the northern portions of the railway.

When Hon. Frank Cochrane took charge of the department of railways and canals the first contract for the line had just been let. It was for 485 1-2 miles and called for an expenditure of $3,000,000. Owing to the slowness with which the bridge company carried out its contract of bridging the river at Le Pas there was a good deal of delay and it became necessary to extend the time from Dec. 1, 1912 to Dec. 1, 1913. The bridge was completed in April last and since then good progress has been made.

On July 23 the contractors had reached Gormorant Lake Narrows at mile 40 with the steel and it is hoped to reach mile 60 by August 25. It looks as if 150 miles of grading will be completed this fall. There are 1,200 men on the work and the only serious difficulty at present is the short supply of ties. Just before Mr. Cochrane set out on his journey over the route of the Hudson Bay he let the contract for the second section, 68 miles from Thicket Portage to Split Lake Junction, the amount was $1,800,000 more. Recently the final section, 165 miles, has been let for $3,700,000. The time for the completion of these two latter sections is Dec. 1, 1914. The men working at the terminals now number 180 and it is expected that by autumn 250 will be employed.

Five steamers were chartered this summer to carry in supplies and the following plant has been purchased for delivery this season: Seagoing tug, $43,250; steamboat Katsleen, $10,000; one steel tow barge and two sectional scows, $18,500, dredging machinery, $29,000. The Polson Iron company, Ltd., of Toronto, is finishing a $270,000 suction dredge, one of the most complete ever built in Canada. The same company is also at work on a $42,000 stern wheel tug.

Will Investigate Western Coal Areas

Omaha, Neb.—Prince Henri De Croy, a Belgian nobleman and capitalist, accompanied by several other capitalists of the same nationality, left Omaha recently for Western Canada, where they will investigate several coal propositions, with a view to investing large sums of money in development work. Prince Henri refused to make known the point to which the party is bound.

The capitalists have been in Colorado, where the Belgian syndicate is interested in coal mines, as well as in oil, the latter being in southern Wyoming.

After making an investigation of the Canadian properties, the party will return to Belgium and report to the members of the syndicate. The report is that the Belgians have an option on a large area of Canadian coal lands.

Petitioning for Tunnel Between England and France

London.—A memorial signed by almost one hundred members of parliament will be presented to Premier Asquith urging government support for the proposed channel tunnel between England and France. The tunnel would cost about $80,000,000, one-half of which under the latest scheme formulated would be raised in England by a tunnel company in connection with the particular English and French railways which such tunnel would connect.

Mr. Asquith will present the matter to the committee of Imperial defence.

AS IN THE DAYS OF ORPHEUS

Most musicians or performers like an auditor or an audience when they play. The professors say the best critics are those strong in judgment; but the majority of folks would hardly care to have one as strong as a lion. And yet it is one of these animals that Miss Marso, a popular Parisienne, has as witness of her harmonic performance. She revives the legend of Orpheus, who tamed beasts with his wonderful skill. Up to the time Miss Marso sits down to the instrument the animal is liberal with its roars and other leonine manifestations. Once the young lady's fingers touch the keys, however, this conduct ceases and lying down, his lionship follows with close attention and seeming appreciation of the various melodies.

CANADA TO EXHIBIT AT PANAMA

Building is Now Being Erected—Commensurate With Importance of the Dominion

Ottawa.—Canada will have an exhibit at the Panama-Pacific exposition to be held next summer at San Francisco. The invitation to participate has been officially accepted by the government; the site has been selected and preparations are already under way for the erection of a building commensurate with the importance of Canada as an exhibitor. The exhibit will be purely national in character and will consist of a display of the national resources of the Dominion.

It is not believed here that Great Britain's decision not to participate in the exposition has been arrived at, with any idea of retaliation against the United States on account of the tolls question on the canal. Great Britain has nothing to gain by an exhibition of her manufacturers at foreign expositions so far away, said a prominent government official. In fact British manufacturers have for some years past been trying to come to an agreement whereby there should be no such exhibition in the future. It is simply a matter of pure business economy. Canadian manufacturers have been gradually withdrawing from the exhibit business at our own affairs. There is a probability, however, that Great Britain will send a national exhibit to the exposition.

Train Load of British Harvesters

Winnipeg.—Part of the British harvesters sent out from the offices of the province of Manitoba in Bristol, Londonderry and Aberdeen, arrived recently by the C.N.R., accompanied by Joseph Burke, provincial immigration agent.

Mr. Burke states that before the train left Quebec a photograph of the harvesters was taken and published in a Quebec newspaper, who gave every prominence to the fact that these men had come out to help in the harvest, and many complimentary remarks were made about the evident care with which the selection was made in the old country they being a clean, fine looking lot of young men and women particularly adapted to farm life and all of whom hope to be able to make glorious reports about the treatment which they expect from those to whom they will be sent to work.

THE MARKET REPORT

Weekly Grain Letter Supplied by Thompson, Sons & Co., Grain Merchants, Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, August 5. — Another week of ideal summer weather has been experienced over the United States and Canadian spring wheat country. In some parts seasonable rain showers have fallen, without developing into wet weather which we always fear after we get into August, for continued wet usually lowers the temperature and brings on conditions liable to develop frost as the days shorten and the sun is longer below the horizon, and of course, it delays ripening and harvest work. Over southern Alberta there was a big thunder storm on Monday causing a heavy rainfall over a large area which was not needed, as the crops are in splendid condition there, and a little bit later than in most other parts, and dry warm weather is much desired. The storm was accompanied by damaging hail in one part, and considerable loss was sustained by a few farmers. There has also been some hail damage in central Saskatchewan early in the week, but the loss by hail in the aggregate never seriously affects the total yield of the country however hard it may hit individual farmers. The fact is hailstorms are always comparatively local in area, and the damage they do is mostly partial, although sometimes some crop is utterly destroyed, but the influences which cause thunder and hailstorms, seem in this country to accompany good crop weather conditions, and the local losses by hail sink out of sight in the broader general increase in yield. In Minnesota and the Dakotas there have also been some rain showers, helping the crops without delaying the ripening. On the whole over this north western country there has been added another week of most seasonable weather which with the previous six or seven weeks of favorable weather conditions has turned what at one time was rather a doubtful prospect for the spring wheat into a most encouraging prospect now on the verge of being realised. From the character of the weather for some weeks past we presage a continuance of it for some time and although every day may not be equally favorable we look for a much better harvest time than we have had the last two seasons and probably no sign of frost over the wheat fields until after September comes in by which time the bulk of the crop will be safe from damage. In Southern Minnesota and South Dakota wheat harvest is well ahead and in south part of North Dakota it is begun. In Manitoba and even in Saskatchewan cutting of early patches has been reported from several districts and harvesting will be general by the middle of the month in the earlier districts, and by the 20th in later districts. The later crops are the heaviest by a long way. The wheat yield in western Canada is likely to come well up around 200,000,000 bushels so far as we can judge at present compared with 175,000,000 bushels last year, and the average quality this year promises to be much ahead of the last two years. In the United States the winter wheat harvest is finished and the yield as shown by threshing is above earlier expectations and the quality a high average. The weather over the winter wheat belt has been dry and hot for some time, ideal for the finish of harvesting and threshing and making good roads for hauling to market, and the movement of new wheat has been large. Export demand has been erratic, large sales being reported on some days and nothing doing on others. It has been stated that farmers have not been free sellers at the prices going, but whether this is so or not the movement is large and has been going to increase the U.S. visible supply very fast. In the last four weeks the U.S. visible has increased 8,207,000 bushels against a decrease of 1,837,000 bushels in same period last year and the aggregate now stands at 37,677,000 bushels against 18,832,000 bushels a year ago. It seems probable that the U.S. has this year raised the largest wheat crop on record. Today a crop reporter of experience and ability has issued his August crop report in which he estimates the yield of the U.S. winter wheat at 526,000,000 bus. and spring wheat 241,000,000 bushels, together 767,000,000 bushels against 730,000,000 bushels the Govt. final estimate of the crop of 1912; the previous largest U.S. wheat crop was that of 1909 when the final Govt. estimate made it 737,000,000 bushels. Thus the U.S. and Canada may this year raise well nigh on to 1,000,000,000 bushels of wheat when the Ontario crop is included. In Europe crops have had another fairly favorable week of progress, and there is evidence that the European wheat crop is going to be larger than last year's and of higher average quality. The Argentine and Australian crops are growing and need of rain is reported from some districts. During the past week the wheat markets would probably have been extremely dull but in the United States speculative markets there has been an almost excited advance of several cents in corn growing owing to the drastic deterioration that has taken place in growing corn crops in Oklahoma, Kansas, Missouri and parts of surrounding corn states owing to hot and dry weather. This sustained wheat prices, and no doubt to a small extent stimulated purchases, but the week closed with only fractional advances over a week ago; the fact is there is too much wheat in sight, and crop prospects are too promising, and political conditions too quiet, for any advance on wheat to hold at present.

Our Winnipeg market has been fairly active for the time of year, fluctuations following the changes in the U.S. markets. The July future in which it was supposed a corner was run, went out with a drop of 4c. on the last day of the month. It closed at 100c. on the 30th and 96c. on the 31st. Moderate demand continues for cash wheat. Today's cash prices are: 1 Nor., 96¼c; 2 Nor., 93¾c; 3 Nor., 89¾c; No. 4 wheat, 80¾c; No. 5, 72c; No. 6, 68c; Feed, 60c. There are no quotations for Alberta Red Winter there being none on the market. Futures closed October, 90½c; Dec., 88⅛c; May, 93½c.

Oats—

The oat market has been firmer. The shortage of corn and oats in the U.S. and indifferent oat crops in some European countries is bound to keep oats up and advance them later. At present large surplus stocks from last year's crops help to steady prices. Today's prices are 2 Can. West., 34¾c; 3 C.W., 34c; Ex. 1 Feed, 34½c; 1 Feed, 34c; 2 Feed, 31¼c. The October futures closed at 37c.

Barley—

Very little doing in barley; the demand is quiet. Today's prices are No. 3, 46c; No. 4, 45c; Rejected, 41c; Feed, 41c.

Flax—

The flax market keeps firm and there are ready buyers. Today's prices are 1 N.W.C., 128½c; 2 C.W., 124½c., 3 C.W., 112½c. Futures closed Oct., 130½; Dec., 128¼c.

All prices quoted above are for delivery in store Fort William and Port Arthur.

28,000 Harvesters Wanted

Winnipeg.—That 28,000 harvesters will be wanted for points along the C.N.R. alone was the statement made at the railway offices. The number has been reached by a careful compiling of the data received from the various station agents along the lines of the company which include stations used jointly by the C.N.R. and the G.T.P.

Macleod, Alta.—Hail did great damage in the district south of here recently. A strip of territory about seven miles wide and twenty long was devastated. The hail stones were in places as large as pigeon eggs, pigs and poultry being killed. Some of the hailed-out farmers carried hail-insurance.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

LESSON VII.—THIRD QUARTER, FOR AUG. 17, 1913

Text of the Lesson, Ex. xiv, 19-31. Memory Verses, 30, 31—Golden Text, Isa. lxv, 24—Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

The story of the Lord's dealing with Israel so long ago is not simply an old story, but an old and true record, with a present application for us and a still future reference to Israel, for according to the days of their coming out of the land of Egypt will the Lord show unto them marvelous things, and the nations shall see and be confounded at all their might (Mic. vii, 15, 16). The whole Bible record from Gen. iii to Rev. xx is that of God working, the devil opposing and man on the side of God or the devil, God always working for man's benefit in spite of his sin, ingratitude and unbelief. He chose Israel and brought them unto Himself that they might be unto Him a peculiar treasure above all people, a holy people (Ex. xix, 4, 5; Deut vii, 6). His desire being that other nations might know Him through them.

The same truths hold concerning believers now, but as Israel failed so the church is failing to believe and honor God as she should. May the truths of this lesson help us so to live that others may want to know the Lord because of us. Mark the repeated statements that the Lord brought them out of Egypt that He might bring them into the promised land because of His oath to their fathers (xiii, 3, 5, 9, 11, 14, 16; Deut. vi, 23), and let us stop murmuring and wondering and be quite certain that because of His faithfulness His own can never perish, but will in due time reach His home in glory (John x, 27-29).

Note the reference to the faith and words of Joseph, "God did not lead the people in the most direct way, but He led them about, and though it was a solitary way, it was the right way (xiii, 18; Ps. cvii, 4, 7). He seemed to lead them into difficulties, for we find them very soon shut in by the sea before them, the Egyptians behind them and the mountains on either side (xiv, 9) but it was to overthrow their enemies and work for them a great deliverance, and so it is always in all His dealings with His own.

The pillar of cloud by day and fire by night by which He led, protected, avenged and delivered them is one of the most striking object lessons in all their history. He never took it away. When necessary it stood behind them, instead of going before them, and became their protector. It was darkness to the Egyptians, but light to Israel (xiii, 21, 22; xiv, 19, 20). The Lord was in it. It was the symbol and assurance of His presence (xiv, 24). Note some of the many references to this wonderful cloud in Ex. xl, 38; Num. ix, 15; x, 34; xiv, 14; Deut. i, 33; Neh. ix, 12, 19; Ps. lxxviii, 14; xcix, 7; cv, 39, and believe that Jesus Christ is the same yesterday, today and forever and loves and cares for you, if you are redeemed, as truly as He did for Israel. Our tendency in time of trouble is to be afraid, as Israel was, but the many 'fear nots' should quiet us, and we should learn to be still and let Him fight our battles (xiv, 10, 13, 14, 25). See some of the many assurances in Deut. i, 29, 30; iii, 22; xx, 3, 4; II Chron. xx, 29, 30; Isa. xli, 10, 13.

There is a time to stand still and a time to go forward, a time to be still and a time to act (xiv, 14, 15; Ruth iii, 18; Ps. xlvi, 10, 11). Moses was told to divide the sea, but it was the Lord who divided it (verses 16, 21). He works through us and then calls the work our and gives us credit for it, but it is God who worketh in us both to will and to do (Phil. ii, 13). The sea divided, and all Israel went through on dry land, the waters being a wall unto them on their right hand and on their left (verse 22; xv, 19; Num. xxxiii, 8; Ps. lxvi, 6; lxxviii, 13; Isa. lxiii, 12, 13). The Egyptians pursued and went in after them to the midst of the sea, but by the hand of Moses the sea returned to his strength, and the Lord overthrew the Egyptians in the midst of the sea. There remained not so much as one of them (verses 26-28).

It is said of the plague of flies that when they were removed there remained not one (chapter viii, 31), so thoroughly does God work whether against flies or Egyptians. Thus the Lord saved Israel that day (xiv, 30), and Israel saw and believed and sang unto the Lord. The Lord Jesus said to Thomas: Because thou hast seen me thou hast believed; blessed are they that have not seen and yet have believed (John xx, 29). We are expected to walk by faith, not by sight, but we are too often, like Israel, singing when we see victory and murmuring when we see difficulties.

This overthrow of Israel's enemies is one of the great morning stories of the Bible (verses 24, 27) and makes us think of the morning for which all true believers should be waiting, referred to in II Sam. xxiii, 4; Ps. xlvi, 5 (margin); xlix, 14; cxxx, 6. Then shall Israel sing the song of Moses and the Lamb according to Rev. xv. Then shall the Lord come as a man of war, in righteousness to judge the nations, and then shall He reign forever and ever (Isa. iv, 3, 18; Rev. xix, 14-16; xx, 4). Blessed are all those who can truly say: The Lord is my strength and song and He is become my salvation (Ex. xv).

Word for Western Progress

Toronto.—The Dominion parole officer, W. P. Archibald, is here after a prolonged tour of Canada, where he has been investigating the penitentiaries of the Dominion. I think, said he, the penitentiaries in the West are going ahead of those in the East. They are building with larger ideas and the buildings are more humane and progressive.

Increased Coal Output

Sydney, N.S.—The output of the various collieries of the Dominion Coal Company for July was 425,637 tons, a substantial increase over the output for July, 1912.

BINDERWHIPS

Now is the time to get your supply of

BINDER WHIPS

before Harvesting begins.

We have a large Stock of these on hand at Pricce from 50c. up.

IRVING'S, LTD.,

Vulcan, Alta.

W. F. MUEHLE

General Blacksmith

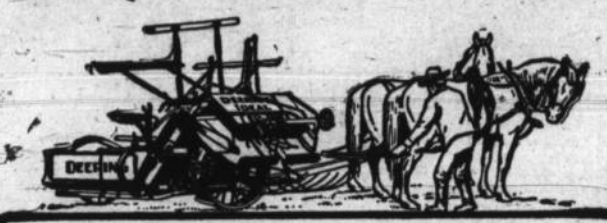
Horse Shoeing

Plow Work and Disc Grinding

All Orders Receive Prompt Attention.

Vulcan, Alta.

HITCH UP
TO A GOOD MACHINE



The question of what machine to harvest with is an important one.

An incorrectly constructed binder will not get all the grain, but will leave a large part in the field—good crows' feed, but a dead loss to you.

Your harvest will be most profitable if you

HITCH UP
TO A
DEERING MACHINE

M. E. SHAW, VULCAN, ALTA

H. FEARNLEY

FEED

AND

TRANSFER BARN

Removing, Draying Hauling.

Prompt Attention to all Contracts.

Vulcan, Alta.

Boost!

The best thing to boost your district is a good view of your Grain Fields. Are you doing it? I am going to help the Farmer. Special reductions on photos of bindets at work.

Leave your Order at Printing Office.

W. G. B. KILROE.

Vulcan Market Report

Spring Wheat, No. 1	.75
" No. 2	.72
" No. 3	.67
" No. 4	.58
" No. 5	.50
" No. 6	.46
" Feed	.37
Oats, Extra No. 1 Feed	.21½
" No. 1 Feed	.20
" No. 2 Feed	.18
Barley, No. 3	.30
" No. 4	.29
Flax, No. 1. N.W	$1.00
" No. 2. C.W	.97
Eggs	.22
Butter	.17
Chicken	.16
Fowl	.8
Cattle, live	.6
Veal, live	.8
Cows	.5
Hogs	.7½

Lodge : Directory

VULCAN LODGE No. 74, A.F.& A.M G. R. A. Regular meeting on the Tuesday on or before the full moon. Lodge of instruction two weeks before regular meeting. Visiting brothers welcome.

D. H. GALBRAITH, W. M.
W. A. HOWES, SECRETARY.

I. O. O. F., SAMARITAN LODGE No. 91, VULCAN, ALBERTA. Lodge meets every Wednesday, at 8.30 p. m. Visiting brothers welcome.

E. M. CLARK, N. G.
A. M. WHICHER, SECRETARY.

R. N. OF A. Meets 2nd and 4th Thursday at 2.30 sharp in the I. O. O. F. Hall. Visiting members welcome.

FANNY ROBSON, ORACLE.
CLARA BROWN, RECORDER.

Fix The Responsibility

When a disastrous railway accident occurs the whole trend of the enquiry is to ascertain the cause, so that measures may be taken to prevent a recurrence of the wreck. If a fault is noticed in any workshop, is not the particular sought out? Every traveller on a steamer pays passage money; the several branches in a department store are all expected to show a profit on the year's business. So the dairy farmer will do well to enquire as to whether he has any delinquents in his present herd of cows, perhaps one or two are in a fair way to wreck his fortunes, their passage money may be paid by some better producers for often two or three out of every herd of twenty cows show no profit at all on the year's production of fat.

Plenty of cows in June and July gave over one thousand pounds of milk and over thirty five pounds of fat. What dairyman would voluntarily keep the kind of cow that yielded only twenty four pounds of fat, or those that gave only four hundred pounds of milk during last month? Yet some men got only that much from a great many cows in Ontario and Quebec This is the point: Each dairy cow has a certain responsibility, that of producing plenty of milk and fat as a profit. So also has the dairyman his responsibility, that of knowing his cows do not shirk theirs. His business is to know what each cow does; she won't tell, he has to keep individual records to find out They cost little they do much

Harvesters Cheap Rates

Arrangements have been made this year for the sending out of harvest help on the special cheap rate to the various points in Alberta from the city of Calgay instead of direct from Winnipeg. R. J. Daley Publicity Commissioner for Alberta at Winnipeg, has given the necessary authority for the issuing of the 1c. a mile rate to the Central Office of the United Farmers of Alberta, through their General Secretary, P. P. Woodbridge. The fact that the limit was only made known at the very last moment and is only for the period between the 1st and 15th of August makes almost impossible for each of the various branches of the U. F. A. to be communicated with individually, and it is hoped that those requiring help for the harvest will send their applications at once direct to the Secretary of the United Farmers of Alberta at Calgary, when the men will be despatched to the various points as rapidly as possible.

Open and Close Season

Ducks and swan season opens August 23, closes December 31.

Prairie chickens, partridges, etc, open season, October only.

Cranes, rails, snipe, plover, etc., open season, from September 1 to December 31.

Hungarian partridge, protected in 1913.

Deer, moose and caribou, open season, November 1 to December 14.

Antelope, open season in October only.

Buffalo, elk, wapiti, protected.

Mountain sheep and goat, open season, September 1 to October 14.

Toads Are in Demand

What the birds are to the trees the toads are to the growing vegetables. The former work by day and the latter by night. The toad that makes his summer residence in your garden is indeed worth his weight in gold. He has an appetite that seems never to be appeased. The number of beetles, flies, cut-worms, caterpillars, etc., that he consumes every twenty-four hours is astonishing. He is quiet, industrious, always beneficial, never injurious. Let no harm befall him!

Famous Case is Settled

One of the most famous cases ever tried in an Alberta court of law, has reached a final settlement This is the Collard-Armstrong breach of promise action, which was the first case of that nature ever tried in Calgary. It has been settled on a basis of $3,000 and costs. The plaintiff in the case was Miss Anna Louise Collard, a school teacher, and Martin J. Armstrong, a wealthy rancher of Nanton, was the defendant.

From Our Exchanges

The State of Texas has won a notable legal victory over the Standard Oil Company, which must in consequence pay a fine of over $500,000. Previous experiments in fining this concern have led to the belief that it is the consumer who pays.

The Doukhobors are seeking $450,000 compensation from the Dominion Government in respect of homesteads abandoned in Saskatchewan because of their refusal to become Canadian citizens.

There are several hundred different kinds of soil in Canada, and the scientific expert in agriculture recognizes the fact that each kind of soil possesses an individuality of its own. What is true of one variety of soil is not true of another and in a large measure this accounts for many failures in applying the result of experiments along agricultural lines

The plural voting bill was rejected by the House of Lords by a vote of 166 to 42 This bill passed its third reading in the Commons by a majority of 70

It is estimated that at least a tenth of the total agricultural products of the United States is annually destroyed by injurious insects. It is estimated that $300,000,000 is a conservative approximation of the loss sustained each year.

Four doctors and three trained nurses were employed to save the life of a sick dog belonging to a millionaire member of the Newport colony And a few miles away, in New York, thousands of poor babies were fighting for life in the baking streets. Is it any wonder that some warm blooded, if illogical, persons occasionally throw bombs

In two or three weeks the music of the reaper and the binder will be heard. There then need be no unemployed in the province.

Alberta's crop had a farm value of more than $51,000,000 last year, when the farmers and ranchers also reported having 2,405,876 head of livestock, valued at $98,697,845.

Sir Thomas Lipton's yacht which will try for the American cup in a series of races in 1914, the conditions for which have been signed and forwarded by the Royal Ulster Yacht club to the New York Yacht club, will be named Shamrock IV.

Mexico is once more in the limelight and Huerta's regime appears to be drawing to an ignominous close. The man who murdered the former president cannot well be recognized by the United States government and President Wilson takes strong exception to President Huerta Great Britain is anxious to have the United States intervene and put an end to the Mexican force, and it looks now as if such will come to pass

Calgary papers on Friday last announced a big rush at the land titles office by persons who wanted to file on valuable oil claims west of Okotoks. The successful man, it is said, secured a $10,000 claim after considerable fighting, tussling and the loss of blood. Such spectacles are disgusting in the extreme and steps should be taken at once by the authorities to make such disgraceful events impossible If that claim is so valuable the government should hold it and let the general public share in its benefits. Why give such a prize to a man who probably won it through brute force. The thing is absolutely wrong.

Mr. Watkins, of Champion, is building and moving out to his homestead.

The Churches

Presbyterian

Rev. D. K. Allan, Pastor; Mr. H. Richardson, Supt. Sunday School; F. Elves Clerk of Session; P. Irving, Clerk of Managers; Mr. R. Glover, Pianist.

Sunday School and Bible Class 11.00 a.m. Afternoon Service 2.30 p.m., and Evening Service at 7.30 p. m.

Ladies Aid meets last Thursday of each month. Mrs. D. K. Allan, President; Mrs. F. Elves, Secretary; Mrs. C. Jones, Treas.

H. F. RICHARDSON

Dealer In

M. Rumley Threshing Outfits

Cockshutt Implements

John Deere Implements

Goold, Shapley and Muir Windmills and Engines.

Undertaking

Vulcan - - Alta

The First Number

A Free Offer

We have sent you this Issue to let you see that a good, clean Newspaper, dealing extensively with Vulcan and district, **Your District**, can be published from week to week.

You are pleased with it and feel that, as a duty to your district, you ought to subscribe.

Here are our Terms:

From Now until the End of 1914, $1.50

That is the cost of a Year's Subscription but we are giving you the Paper for the balance of this year as so many of you were disappointed on your outlay for the old paper.

Send Your Subscriptions in at Once.

The Vulcan Advocate

Wolfe & Pettman

We have just put in a Stock of

Folding Bath Tubs

Made of Heavy Duck and Brazilian Para Rubber.

Just the thing for cooling off in this hot weather.

Guaranteed For Five Years

Be sure and see this when in Town

Also See the

Iowa and Melotte Cream Separators

You need one of these, they cannot be beaten for efficiency and durability.

Vulcan - - Alta.